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Holland City News

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HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

VOL. XV.—NO. 39.

HOLLAND, MICH., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1886.

WHOLE NO. 740.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

Terms of Subscription
\$1.50 per year if paid in advance; \$1.75 if paid at three months, and \$2.00 if paid at six months.

Rates of advertising made known on application. Yearly advertisers have the privilege of three changes.
Business Cards in City Directory, not over three lines, \$2 per annum.
Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths published without charge for subscribers.
All advertising bills collectable quarterly.

MONEY TO LOAN.

In sums to suit on productive Real Estate.

L. S. PROVYN.

Insurance, Real Estate and Loan Agent.
Office Lovett's Block, opp. Sweet's Hotel, GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

Business Directory.

Commission Merchants.

BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick store, corner Eighth and Fish streets.

Drugs and Medicines.

DOESBURG, J. O., Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints and Oils, Brushes, &c. Physicians prescriptions carefully put up. Eighth St.

VAN PUTTEN, Wm., Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c. Proprietor of Dr. W. Van den Berge's Family Medicines. River Street.

WALSH, HEBER, Druggist and Pharmacist; a full stock of goods appertaining to the business.

Furniture.

MEYER, BROUWER & CO., Dealers in all kinds of Furniture, Curtains, Wall Paper, Carpets, Coffins, Picture Frames, etc.; River St.

General Dealers.

VAN PUTTEN, G. & SONS, General Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats and Caps, Flour, Provisions, etc. River street.

Hotels.

CITY HOTEL, Geo. N. Williams, Proprietor. The only first-class hotel in the city. Is located in the business center of the town and has one of the largest and best sample rooms in the state. Free bus in connection with the hotel.

Livery and Sale Stables.

NIBBELINK, J. H., Livery and Sale Stable; Ninth street, near Market.

Manufactories, Mills, Shops, Etc.

VAN RAALTE, B., dealer in Farm implements and machinery. Cor. River and Ninth Streets.

VAN DER VEN, J. M., Manufactures the best 5 cent cigar made. Havana filled. Smoke them. For sale by all dealers. 21y.

Physicians.

KREMERS, R., Physician and Surgeon. Residence on Twelfth street, cor. of Market St. Office at the drug store of Kremers & Bangs. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 12 m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

YATES, O. E., Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence on the corner of River and Eleventh streets, formerly occupied by the late Dr. Ledebour.

MABBS, J. A., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Walsh's Drug Store. Residence, Corner of Eighth and Fish streets, in house formerly occupied by L. Sprietama.

Watches and Jewelry.

BREYMAN, OTTO, Watchmaker, Jeweler, and dealer in fancy goods. Corner of Market and Eighth streets.

WYKBUYSER, H., dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles, cor. Ninth and Cedar streets.

Societies.

F. & A. M.

A Regular Communication of UNITY LODGE, No. 191, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, Holland, Mich., at 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 30, Feb. 17, March 17, April 14, May 12, June 10, July 14, Aug. 11, Sept. 8, Oct. 13, Nov. 10, Dec. 8. St. John's days June 24, and Dec. 27.

D. L. BOYD, W. M.
O. BREYMAN, Sec'y.

Knights of Labor.

Harmony Assembly, No. 3,719, of Holland City, meet in Odd Fellows' Hall every week. All communications should be addressed to HARMONY LOCK BOX, 27-y, Holland, Mich.

E. O. T. M.

Crescent Tent, No. 63, meets in Odd Fellows Hall at 7:30 p. m., on the First and Third Monday of each month. All Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend. Cheapest Life Insurance Order known. Full particulars given on application. L. D. BALDUS, Commander.

W. A. HOLLEY, R. E.

Our Markets.

Produce, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by E. J. Harrington.)
Apples, 25c; Beans, \$1.00; Butter, 15 cts; Eggs, 16c; Honey, 10c; Onions, 45c; Potatoes 25c to 35c.

RETAIL.

Apples, 30, 35c; Beans, \$1.35; Butter, 17c; Eggs 17c; Honey, 12c; Onions, 50c; Potatoes, 40c to 50c.

Grain, Feed, Etc.

(WHOLESALE.)

(Corrected every Friday by W. H. Beach.)
Buckwheat, 40c; Bran, 100 lbs., 70c; Barley 90 lbs., \$1.25; Clover seed, 90 lbs., \$5.00; Corn Meal, 100 lbs., 1.00c; Corn, shelled, 38c; Flour, \$4.00; Fine Corn Meal, 100 lbs., \$1.40; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Hay, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Middlings, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Oats, 100 lbs., 75c; Rye, 100 lbs., 80c; Potatoes, 40c to 50c; Timothy Seed, \$2.00; Wheat, white, 85c; Red Fultz, 65c; Lancaster Red, 70c. Corn, ear, 35c.

RETAIL.

Buckwheat, 60c; Bran, 100 lbs., 75c; Barley, 90 lbs., \$1.25; Clover seed, 90 lbs., \$5.00; Corn Meal, 100 lbs., 1.00c; Corn, shelled, 38c; Flour, \$4.00; Fine Corn Meal, 100 lbs., \$1.40; Feed, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Hay, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Middlings, 100 lbs., \$1.00; Oats, 100 lbs., 75c; Rye, 100 lbs., 80c; Potatoes, 40c to 50c; Timothy Seed, \$2.00; Wheat, white, 85c; Red Fultz, 65c; Lancaster Red, 70c. Corn, ear, 35c.

LOCAL ITEMS.

THE foundation for the Albert building is progressing rapidly.

A FULL crop of candidates have been in Holland the past week.

RACE at the Fair Grounds this afternoon. Let everybody attend.

YOU cannot make a buckwheat cake of a run at base ball when the batter is out.

IF you want to vote next Tuesday be sure and see that your name is registered to-day.

TUESDAY next will settle the campaign of 1886. Be sure that you vote for the right men.

SEVERAL young ladies of the city were out on "a hand organ serenade" last Tuesday evening.

COUNTRY produce is being brought into the city in large quantities and finds a ready market.

I. FAIRBANKS, Esq., is building a neat brick office on River street next to his present office.

THE foundation for Huntley's new factory is about laid. The work is progressing rapidly.

WE wish we were as sure of a mammoth printing office as Arie Woltman is sure of a reelection as Sheriff.

JOHN DUURSEMA, of Fremont, was in Holland this week. He reports business as being good with him.

THE Allegan train was delayed nearly an hour yesterday morning. A pile driver obstructed the track.

R. E. WERKMAN has purchased several lots on Eleventh street near the Episcopal Church, of H. B. Peck, of Allegan.

FOR a few weeks back our job presses have been comparatively quiet, but this week they have sang a merry song.

THE editor of the News visited Allegan this week and is indebted to Mr. J. H. Eppink for numerous courtesies shown.

THE News has passed through the campaign without a scar, but our pocket-book is not as well filled as it might have been.

COLLECTOR of Customs, D. O. Watson, and Jacob Baar, of Grand Haven, and H. B. Peck, of Allegan, called on us last Tuesday.

THERE was a very heavy frost last Monday night, and ice to a considerable thickness was formed on water in our office water trough.

IT is no trait of a gentleman to stop his newspaper until he has settled for the same. We have several in this locality who have done this.

LAST Saturday afternoon Eddie Van der Veen fell from a fence and broke his arm. Dr. Yates reduced the fracture, and reports Eddie's arm as doing well.

ONE of the young clerks of Holland went out shooting this week and shot a large dog which he mistook for a rabbit. The owner of the dog, we understand, wants damages.

A MEETING of the Business Men's Association will be held next Thursday evening at J. C. Post's office. All business men of Holland and vicinity are invited to attend.

IT was reported Tuesday that engine No. 16, with R. Nash as engineer, made the run to Grand Haven, twenty and one-half miles, in the remarkable time of twenty-one minutes.

LAST Thursday night D. Bosman, foreman of the yard of the Phoenix Planing Mill, fell in such a manner as to break his right wrist. Dr. O. E. Yates was called and reduced the fracture.

D. C. WACHS, Union candidate for county clerk, was in Holland last Monday. Mr. Wachs is a very pleasant gentleman and is a worthy opponent of the Republican candidate, George D. Turner.

LAST Monday Mr. Geo. H. Souter left for Lowell, Mich., where he will purchase trees for his fall delivery in this section. Mr. Souter will return to-day and will undoubtedly make his deliveries next week.

THE skating rink will be opened next Tuesday evening with an attraction. We understand that the son of M. De Boe will give an exhibition of his rope walking talent at the Rink in the immediate future.

IN an interview with the Grand Haven Tribune, M. H. Ford said he was heartily in favor of having Congress appropriate \$100,000 for a government building, and Grand Haven swears by Ford now.—Grand Rapids Telegram-Herald.

OUR thanks are due to Mr. Wilbert Harrington for some very fine eating apples. Mr. Harrington also brought to our office some seedling corn which he had improved. It was on well filled ears and was heavy and of good quality.

LIST of letters remaining in the post-office at Holland, Mich., Oct. 28th, 1886: Miss Anna Bisch, Christian J. Cook, Mrs. Adda Dunn, Eugene Gould 2, Frank Ingraham, John B. Murphy 2.

WM. VERBEEK, P. M.

TO-day a trotting matinee will be held at the course at the Fair Grounds. A race has been arranged between A. De Krull's "Roy" and N. Castenholz's "Stock Yard Billy." The "trot" promises to be very exciting and will be worth the price of admission.

IN conversation with Geo. W. McBride, the Republican candidate for Congress, he stated that it was simply nonsense to suppose that if elected he would in any way discriminate in his labors between this place and Grand Haven in the matter of a ship canal between Grand Rapids and Lake Michigan.

EDITOR FRED WADE, of the Saugatuck Commercial, was in the city last Saturday having some repairs made on his massive jaw. Fred says that business has been good during the summer and that he is still "eating three meals a day." His many friends in Holland will be pleased to learn of his prosperity.

CAPT. C. K. COATES, of this city, just returned from Ontonagon where he has been repairing the harbor work at that place. During the summer Mr. Coates was at work at Whitehall and having finished there he was assigned to the work in the upper peninsula. He says that the work of repairing the pier, of our harbor will be commenced early in the spring.

THE Knights of Labor of this city have raised a campaign fund for Henry George, who is running for Mayor of New York City on a labor ticket, of two hundred and eighty-seven dollars. If every Assembly of the Knights in the United States raises a corresponding amount the managers of that campaign will have plenty of "boodle" to work with.

THE Grand Rapids Telegram-Herald has procured and got in running order a new Goss webb-perfecting press which will print fourteen thousand papers an hour and fold the sheets at the same time. The new outfit also includes a complete stereotyping "layout" and other features of a metropolitan daily. The T-H is rapidly gaining in public favor and will soon lead in the newspaper ranks.

LAST Tuesday evening a military company was organized in this city with thirty-five members. Mr. John Kramer was chosen as President, John Pieters as Secretary and Peter Moose as Treasurer. The line officers of the company will be chosen later on. For the present Mr. Kramer will drill the company and the basement of the Germania House will be used as an armory. We wish the company every encouragement.

MR. W. F. KELLY, the present Register of Deeds and a candidate for re-election was in Holland this week as was also his opponent Mr. R. A. Hyma. Mr. Kelly has had but one term in the office and claims that he is entitled to a re-election. Mr. Hyma has served the county two terms as County Treasurer and is now seeking the position of Register of Deeds as a means of gaining a livelihood. Mr. Hyma is well known in this section having lived here for a number of years. Both gentlemen are well fitted for the position, but as Mr. Kelly has had but one term of office it is fair for him to claim, in view of his good work the past two years, a re-election. The matter is left in the hands of the electors of the county and they will undoubtedly judge the matter wisely.

It appears that *De Hollander* has stirred up a "mare's nest" in stating that Lillie, the Republican candidate for Prosecuting Attorney, was recently married to a lady in a Catholic church and that the marriage ceremony was performed by a Catholic priest. Judge of Probate Soule comes to the rescue of Mr. Lillie with an article in *De Grandvoet*, which for personal abuse simply "takes the cake". He makes out Mr. Seely, the Democratic candidate for Prosecutor, as being everything low and disreputable. Mr. Soule seems to be operating at both ends of this county this fall. The *Coopersville Observer* in the issue of last week intimates that Judge Soule has been "stumping" in that neighborhood and roundly abusing "the Dutch" for their peculiarities and to such an extent that the *Observer* warns him that if he continues it will not redound to his credit two years hence. We echo the same sentiment.

Chinese Entertainment.

THE Chinese Students' Company will give a unique and interesting entertainment at Lyceum Opera House on the evening of Thursday, Nov. 4th, under the auspices of the Ladies of Grace Episcopal Church. The programme will prove instructive and will consist of oriental concert and lecture on Chinese customs, music, religion, style of dress, and wedding, also reading the scripture and singing gospel hymns in Chinese. A curious exhibition of Chinese wonders and curiosities consisting of Chinese and Japanese oddities and works of art will form an attractive feature of the entertainment. The ladies of the church will serve a Chinese supper. All taking supper will be provided with tea, furnished and made by the Chinese, also souvenir napkins and chop sticks, reasonable prices will only be charged for the supper. The proceeds of the entertainment will be devoted towards re-building Grace Church, lately destroyed by fire. It is hoped the people of Holland will patronize and second the efforts of the ladies in their endeavors to make a goodly amount.

Why?

IN answer to numerous inquiries why we do not, in the News, advocate the election of some set of candidates this fall, we would say that from the first it has been our aim to make our paper one of news, and especially of local news so far as space would permit, hoping to please and benefit in that way rather than by supporting any particular candidate and making war upon others. In common with other men we have political preferences, and we are not at all slow in showing them outside of the columns of the News. We entertain no neutral views on the great questions of the day, so far as we understand them, and do not hesitate to advocate them when occasion demands. On all measures, political, social, or moral, that tend to the elevation of the people and the promotion of the general welfare of the people, in all that aids to build up and ennoble, no matter by what party advocated, we purpose to support, and aid as we are able so to do consistently. Reader, the nominees on the county tickets, for Congress, for the State Legislature, and Senate, are all men who are worthy and it is simply a matter of your own private preference who you vote for. We publish below the names of the candidates on the "free tickets" omitting the State ticket:

Republican.—Sheriff, Arie Woltman; Register of Deeds, Wm. F. Kelly; County Clerk, Geo. D. Turner; Treasurer, E. P. Gibbs; Prosecuting Attorney, Walter I. Lillie; Circuit Court Commissioners, A. Vlascher, W. Van Slyck; Coroners, O. E. Yates, C. W. Gray; Representative, 1st District, G. J. Diekema; Representative, 2nd District, J. V. B. Goodrich; For Congress, Fifth District, Geo. W. McBride, of Ottawa; For State Senator, John W. Moon, of Muskegon.

Union.—Sheriff, Joos Verplanke; Register of Deeds, R. A. Hyma; County Clerk, D. C. Wachs; Treasurer, J. De Spelder; Prosecuting Attorney, V. W. Seely; Circuit Court Commissioners, Robert W. Duncan, Wm. N. Angeli; Coroners, R. Van Drezer, Dr. J. Mastenbroek; Representative, 1st District, John A. Roost; Representative, 2nd District, John Wasson; For Congress, Fifth District, Melbourne H. Ford, of Kent; For State Senator, Thomas H. Hefferan, of Ottawa.

Prohibition.—Sheriff, Marshal B. Mills; Register of Deeds, Albert Winchell; County Clerk, Orlington Trumble;

Treasurer, Wilson Harrington; Prosecuting Attorney, Stephen L. Lowing; County Surveyor, David Coleman, Jr.; Coroners, Byron B. Godfrey, Dr. Hoffman; Representative, 1st District, Charles W. Marshall; Representative, 2nd District, John Wasson; For Congress, Fifth District, Hon. E. L. Briggs, of Kent.

The Races.

For the first time in the history of the city the people of Holland have been entertained by what is called in the East a "hoss trot." The enterprise shown by the few who have had the affair in charge, is very commendable and although the races have not resulted very profitably to them they can congratulate themselves on having a large number of horses present to take part and on laying a firm foundation for future like enterprises. The cold cloudy, and disagreeable weather of Monday and Tuesday did not abate nor brighten on Wednesday, and it is owing entirely to this fact alone that the first meeting of the Society was not a complete financial success. The "Three Minute Race" was a hotly contested one and was exciting and interesting. The race from the first was close between "Roy" and "Stock Yard Billy" and the second heat was very difficult to decide which came in first although the judges gave it to "Roy." The judges were Dr. D. Baert, of Zeeland, and D. L. Hollis, of Jamestown, with Dr. O. E. Yates, of this city, as starting judge, and they officiated for all the races. The score of the "Three Minute Race" was as follows:

A. De Krull's, s. g. "Roy".....	5 1 1
N. Castenholz's, s. g. "Billy".....	1 2 3
H. Brown's, Allegan, b. m. "Nellie B".....	3 3 3
L. Norris, Gd. Rapids, b. g. "Toledo Boy".....	4 4 2
J. Smith's, Otsego, b. s. "Brazil".....	3 5 4
Time: 2.59½, 2.59½, 3.00, 2.59½.	

The "Double Team Race" which followed was a complete "walk-a-way" for W. Church's Allegan team. The exhibition of trotting, however, was good and was much enjoyed by all who witnessed it. The score was:

W. Church's, Allegan, "Luther B." and "Mudget".....	1 1 1
M. P. Johnson's, Allegan, "White Charlie" and "Membrino Eagle".....	2 2 2
W. Van Putten's, Holland, "Royal Duke" and "Fannie".....	3 2 2
Time: 3.12½, 2.59½ and 3.00.	

The "Running Race" not having the required number of entries the race was not run, but the owners of the two horses present consented to give an exhibition heat and a half mile was run in 54½ seconds. This concluded the program for Wednesday.

Thursday morning was ushered in by a heavily clouded sky and a drizzling rain which threatened to continue all day. At noon the weather having cleared a little the managers concluded to go on with the races and were rewarded by seeing a larger number of people on the grounds than on Wednesday. The first race was the "Free for all." There were five entries made and four started. The track was soft and the mud flew in considerable quantity. The race was very close and was fought for by the inch. The score on this race was:

John Vassell's, Gd. Haven, ch. s. "Turk".....	1 1 1
W. R. Church's, Allegan, b. m. "Mudget".....	2 1 1
S. Monroe's, Gd. Haven, b. m. "Nellie M".....	3 2 2
W. Barnes, Allegan, b. g. "Luther B.".....	4 4 4
Time: 2.43½, 2.44, 2.59½, 2.42.	

The "Running Race" was won by "Butcher Boy" owned by N. Castenholz, Muskegon. There were only two entries. The following is the score:

N. Castenholz's, Muskegon, "Butcher Boy".....	2 1 1
M. P. Johnson's, Allegan, "Black Badger".....	1 2 2
Time: .50, .57½, .59½.	

This completed the program and all who were so fortunate as to witness the races were well satisfied with them and got the worth of their money.

NOTES.

The Grand Stand was fairly well patronized each day.

The Holland City Cornet Band furnished music for the occasion and every one spoke of the remarkable progress the "boys" have made in the past few weeks. They made a good appearance and played well.

The betting, which was by no means small, was conducted in a private and extremely quiet manner. The coffee was the principal stake on the races on Wednesday and was generally won by our friends from Zeeland. Thursday we understand that considerable money changed hands, but it was done so secretly that it is impossible for us to judge of the amount.

A car load of Texan ponies which were on the grounds furnished an additional attraction.

The small number of people present from the city was a matter of regret and was quite severely commented on by people who were present from abroad.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

KNIGHTS' ASSEMBLY.

The Committee on Appeals and Grievances obtained the floor when the general assembly went into session at Richmond on the 19th. The report relates to matters of general discipline that are of little interest to others than members. One of the cases dealt with was a charge of conduct unbecoming a delegate, brought against Sam L. Leffingwell, of District Assembly No. 105, of Indianapolis. His name was ordered to be stricken from the list of delegates. A committee was appointed, which sent the following telegram to Gov. Richard J. Oglesby, of Illinois, at Quincy, Ill., where the Soldiers' Home was dedicated: "The General Assembly Knights of Labor, in annual convention assembled, both the blue and the gray, sends you greetings on the occasion of the dedication of the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Quincy, May the duty so nobly done by your State be an incentive to other States to do likewise, until every needy hero may have the shelter of a home. At the afternoon session the General Assembly continued consideration of the reports of the Committee on Appeals and Grievances, and adopted a resolution declaring that members of the International Cigar-Makers' Union must elect whether they will remain members of that union or of the Order of Knights of Labor, but that they cannot remain members of both. The report of the Committee on Finance was presented and adopted. It provides that the salary of the Grand Master Workman shall henceforth be \$1,000 a year, and those of General Secretary and General Treasurer \$2,000, and that the members of the Executive Board and General Worthy Foreman shall receive \$1 per day and expenses while on duty.

The General Assembly Knights of Labor began its last session of the convention of 1895 at nine o'clock the morning of the 20th inst. The first business taken up was the report of the steering committee on Co-operation. After that came the reports of half a dozen special committees. One of these was that from the Committee on Woman's Work. Among the recommendations it presented to the assembly was one in favor of the appointment of a woman who should investigate and report on all subjects connected with female wage-workers, and aid in the organization of local assemblies of women employed in the various industries throughout the country. Resolutions were passed asking mercy for the seven men condemned to the gallows at Chicago, while disavowing sympathy with the action of the anarchists. Among other important measures referred to the incoming legislative committee was a resolution demanding laws to prohibit any member of Congress or any State Legislature from acting as attorney for any person or corporation personally interested in the legislation of the body in which he sits; also a proposition that the coinage of silver be carried to the full extent of the present legal limit, and that obligations of the United States be paid in the same; also a resolution in favor of woman suffrage. The Committee on Convict Labor reported in favor of taking strong grounds against the competition of convict labor with free labor, which was adopted. The report of a special committee against continuing the importation of Chinese contract labor and in favor of the abrogation of the Burlingame treaty with China was adopted. The Committee on Railway Insurance presented a report, which was adopted, protesting against insurance schemes for the alleged benefit of the employees of the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroads, and calling on all legislators to take action against what the resolution calls "compulsory voluntary insurance." The Committee on Education was continued until the next session, when it is expected they will present a plan for the education of the members of the order. The Executive Board was authorized to purchase a home in Philadelphia for the family of the late Uriah S. Stevens, the founder of the order. Mr. Powar then congratulated the members upon the good work accomplished during the session, and the general assembly adjourned.

THE EAST.

THE twenty-third annual convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers convened in New York. Twenty-six Gloucester (Mass.) fishing vessels, valued at \$164,000, and insured for \$118,460, have been lost since September, 1895; 104 men perished, leaving twenty-two widows and fifty orphans. The will of Samuel J. Tilden was admitted to probate without opposition, and the trustees immediately qualified. A contest will be at once commenced on the ground of indefiniteness. John P. Terry, a petroleum broker of New York, with property estimated at \$10,000,000, died of consumption in Paris. J. A. L. Whittier, the Boston attorney who embezzled \$250,000 from the estate of Miss Ried, has been sentenced to four and one-half years in the State prison.

THE Supreme Court of Maine has decided that the State courts have no jurisdiction over the sale of liquors at the Soldiers' Home at Togus, and that they are not liable to seizure while passing through the State, destined for the home.

JOSEPH B. CLARKE, formerly Mayor of Manchester, N. H., hanged himself because of political disappointment and business cares. W. J. Sherman, the Catholic priest of Brooklyn charged by Julia Mulvaney with deceiving her by a mock marriage, pleaded not guilty and was held for examination. In the Supreme Court of New York, George H. Tilden has brought an action to contest the will of Samuel J. Tilden. The planning-mill of Calkins & Co., at Tonawanda, N. Y., valued at \$25,000, was destroyed by fire. The works of the Canada Paper Company, at Windsor, were also burned, the loss being \$200,000, which falls wholly on insurance companies in the United States.

MRS. A. B. PARSONS secured a hall at Orange, New Jersey, for a Sunday lecture, by bursting open the door. The schooner John W. Monson, which sailed from Boston August 11, is given up for lost. Charles Doty was her master, and she carried a crew of ten men. Henry Villard has returned to New York, commissioned by German capitalists to make investments. A destructive fire occurred in the business portion of Farmington, Maine. The buildings burned included two hotels; three churches, the jail, and the postoffice.

THE WEST.

On a farm near Shueyville, Iowa, Martin Soukup fired a barn and killed the wives of two neighbors who went to suppress the flames. The fire in the house was put out by neighbors, who captured the madman after a desperate struggle, but the barn was consumed, together with forty hogs, a horse, and a large quantity of hay and grain. Soukup was taken to the Sioux City jail for safe-keeping, and threats to lynch the saloon-keeper who sold him the whisky were made. From a mine discovered last June in the Negaunee range of Michigan six thousand tons of iron ore have already been shipped. The disease known as "pink-eye" is prevalent to a large extent among horses at Milwaukee.

Lawyer Haseltine, on trial at Stevens Point, Wis., for the murder of Cashier A. E. Morse, who was criminally intimate with Mrs. Haseltine, was acquitted.

A HEAVY defalcation has come to light at Indianapolis. Hicklin J. Landers, confidential clerk of Landers, Given & Co., pork-packers, has played the same game there on the banks that Neeld did in Chicago—raising money on bogus or worthless warehouse receipts for pork. Landers has gone to Canada. His shortage will foot up about \$50,000.

On the Crow reservation in Montana, a party of fifty Sioux made an attack on a Crow camp near the Custer battle-field.

The Sioux were driven off with the loss of five warriors, who were promptly scalped. William Smith and Emil Kilmeyer had a quarrel in a St. Louis saloon, but were prevented from fighting. Smith followed Kilmeyer home, and calling him outside beat him with a heavy club until he was dead. Smith was arrested.

THE SOUTH.

SALISBURY, Md., was swept over by a fire which destroyed the business portion of the village; damage, over a million dollars.

THE Grand Lodge of Masons of Kentucky decided that saloon-keeping was an offense against the order, and should be punished as such. J. W. Hopper, of Lebanon, was elected Grand Master.

A MOB took three negroes, charged with arson, from a jail in Pickens County, Alabama, and hanged them to a tree.

A SPECIAL committee of the Charleston Cotton Exchange reports itself as agreeably surprised by a field trial of a cotton harvester, which, however, is not yet a complete success.

SHARP shocks of earthquake were experienced at Charleston, Summerville, Columbia, Savannah, Wilmington, N. C., Raleigh, Augusta, Atlanta, Chattanooga, Louisville, and other Southern points, on the 22d. Washington also felt the quake. Rumbling sounds accompanied the vibrations, which were very severe, causing, in some instances, a good deal of apprehension. Four shocks were felt at Charleston, while two or more disturbed the other cities mentioned, but no damage is reported.

THE late hurricane along the gulf coast well-nigh ruined the orange groves of Plaquemine parish, Louisiana, cutting off two-thirds of the crop of the State.

NEAR Kilgore, Texas, some miscreant fired six times with a Winchester rifle into an International train, striking a New York drummer in the hip.

POLITICAL.

S. S. COX has been nominated for Congress in the Ninth New York District by the County Democracy, Tammany Democrats, and the German Independents. Other Congressional nominations: First Connecticut District, B. J. Vance, Democrat; Second New York, Felix Campbell, Democrat; Fourth New York, P. P. Malone, Democrat; Fifth New York, A. M. Bliss, Democrat; Eighth New York, T. N. Campbell, Democrat; Tenth New York, F. B. Spinola, Democrat; Eleventh New York, T. A. Merriam, Democrat; Twelfth New York, W. Bourke Cochran, Democrat; Fifteenth New York, E. L. Vele, Democrat; Twenty-sixth New York, J. W. Downs, Democrat; Seventh New York, J. D. Lawson, Republican.

MINISTER COX has asked to be relieved of his duties at Constantinople, in view of his nomination for Congress from a New York district. The World's Washington special says it is not deemed at the White House a violation of the President's order for a Federal official to be a delegate to any kind of county or State convention, provided he conducts himself while there with decorum and does not make his office prominent.

MINISTER COX is willing to return to Turkey to close up some diplomatic matters left unsettled at his departure, if Mr. Bayard thinks it necessary; otherwise he will resign and again enter political life.

AFTER balloting for six weeks, the Republican conference in the Seventeenth District of Pennsylvania nominated Edward Scull for Congress. The interest in politics in New York is great. The registration this year is only about 6,000 less than in the last Presidential campaign.

WASHINGTON.

GENERAL MILES reports the capture of Mangus and ten others belonging to Geronimo's band, who for forty days had been pursued by Lieutenant Johnson. A meeting of the House Committee on Appropriations will be held in Washington Nov. 2. It is Mr. Randall's intention to have the appropriation bills ready for action by the House soon after its assembling.

RUMORS come from Washington that President Cleveland and General Sheridan will endeavor to reduce their circumference by massage treatment. President Cleveland has appointed Daniel N. Lockwood Attorney for the Northern District of New York, and Lucius M. Lamar to be Marshal for the Southern District of Georgia. The Secretary of the Interior has declined to recommend the removal of Major J. H. Waggoner, recently appointed United States Pension Agent at Knoxville, Tenn., upon the request of leading Democrats. The request for the Major's removal was made by Democrats who urged that the Major had voted, after the war, to disfranchise the Confederates. The Secretary says that to recommend this removal would not be the best way to heal the issues of the war.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

ONE life was sacrificed after the great stock yards strike at Chicago had been settled. Some of the Pinkerton guards on their return to the city fired into a dense crowd on Halsted street, and Terence Begley, a dealer in crippled cattle and an inoffensive citizen, was killed.

RUMORS prevail at St. Paul, Minn., that Phil Armour, of Chicago, ordered 5,000 loaves of bread, to be held in readiness for shipment to Chicago, to forestall an expected boycott of the men who had taken the places of the striking packers.

PLANS are being arranged at Pittsburgh

for the formation of a national syndicate of window-glass manufacturers, the object being to advance and maintain prices.

THE gamblers of Cincinnati have declared a boycott against the playing-card firm of Russell, Morgan & Co. because Police Commissioner Morgan, a member of the firm, has been active in suppressing gambling dens. The gamblers have sent circulars to every gaming-house in the country and claim that they have already reduced the firm's business one-half. The situation at the Chicago Stock Yards is now as if there had never been a strike. All the guards have been withdrawn, and all the houses are running.

THE RAILWAYS.

At a conference at Sharon, Pa., between William H. Vanderbilt and local directors of the Chenango Valley branch of the Lake Shore road, it was decided to push the construction of the branch line.

It is reported from Albuquerque, N. M., that the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe and the Atlantic and Pacific Roads have been consolidated. General Manager D. B. Robinson, of the Atlantic and Pacific, has resigned.

GENERAL.

WIGGINS, the false weather prophet, has been elected a member of the St. Ananias Club of Topeka, Kan. Wiggins has been notified that he must eschew the making of weather predictions or quit the Canadian civil service. The Congressional National Council concluded its sixth triennial meeting at Chicago, after being in session a week. An eloquent farewell address was delivered by Dr. Noble, of the Union Park Church, and responded to by Moderator Cooke and the two assistant moderators. During the course of the week's session much important business has been transacted. Elliott & Co., wholesale druggists at Toronto, Ontario, were burned out. The loss is \$100,000, with insurance of \$80,000.

ANOTHER Gloucester fishing schooner, the George L. Smith, with a crew of fourteen men, has been given up for lost. This makes a total of twenty-seven vessels of the Gloucester fishing fleet lost so far this year. The death roll has been increased to 116.

CANON CARMODY, the Catholic chaplain at Halifax, refused to read service over the corpse of a soldier who died while in an intoxicated condition. Gen. Russell thereupon ordered the burial of the deceased with military honors, after services by the Protestant chaplain.

BUSINESS failures for the week number 198, against 179 last week. The casualties in the Eastern and Middle States are light, while in the Western, Southern and Pacific States the number reported is above the average. Captain Grace, of the steamship America, of the National Line, died at sea, the 16th inst. His body was brought to New York on the steamer of which he was master.

On the last trip of the ocean steamship America, Captain Grace died from a congestive chill, caused by exposure to the storm for forty-two hours, and an insane Englishman leaped overboard and was seen no more.

THE world's championship in base ball was won by the St. Louis Browns, who defeated the Chicago League nine by 4 to 3. The games of the past week will net the champions about \$14,000.

THE Episcopal Council at Chicago has elected Rev. R. M. Kirby, of Potsdam, N. Y., Bishop of Nevada, and Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, of Macon, Mo., Bishop of Wyoming and Idaho.

FOREIGN.

In a sermon at Dublin, the Catholic Bishop of Meath denounced moonlighters as the greatest enemies of Ireland, and insisted that through him or the parish priests they should restore stolen arms to the rightful owners, or he would organize a committee to bring offenders to justice. Advice from China say that the French recently had a fight with about two thousand pirates near Hoolac, Tonquin, in which more than five hundred Anamese were killed, their fortifications and magazines destroyed, and a lot of cannon and small arms captured. Major General Sir H. T. MacPherson, commander of the British army of occupation in Burma, is dead.

BECKMANN, a Berlin architect, has contracted with the Japanese Government to erect at Tokio a large palace for the future Imperial Parliament, a palace for the Ministry of Justice, and another for the Police Administration. All are to be built in European style. All the Papal Nuncios have been urged to cultivate good relations with the different Governments, with a view toward improving the situation of the church throughout the world. M. Waddington, French Ambassador to London, has protested, under instructions from his Government, against the British occupation of Egypt. Turkey is in accord with France in the opposition to the occupation, and Russia supports her.

UNKNOWN parties wrecked a national school at Cahirmurphy, Ireland, to which the teachers had admitted children of boycotted citizens. The Skinners' Company has sold 35,000 acres of land in Londonderry to 1,000 tenants, in accordance with the provisions of the Ashbourne act, on terms similar to those of the sales made by other city companies.

THE death is announced of Baron Frederick Ferdinand von Beust, the distinguished German statesman, in his 78th year.

THE killing of Baron Reutern by the Czar is confirmed. The latest report is that the act was committed in the heat of passion because the young man resented some of the Czar's harsh remarks.

MR. WILLIAMS, a London socialist leader, was banquipped on his release from prison. A number of incendiary speeches were made, one of the speakers saying that if peaceable means failed, hundreds of thousands of people were ready to stand behind barricades and fire pot-shots at their enemies. Justin McCarthy has been awarded a seat in the House of Commons to represent Londonderry, which he contested against Charles Edward Lewis. The Rev. Mr. Spurgeon made an attack on Beecher, virtually calling him a blasphemer.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

MRS. CORNELIA STEWART, widow of the late Alexander T. Stewart, the New York millionaire merchant, died suddenly the other morning in the marble palace erected by her husband. The question as to whether the stolen remains of the late Mr. Stewart were ever recovered is yet undecided. Other recent deaths: Hon. Mason W. Tappan, Attorney General of New Hampshire; Judge William H. Horner, of the Circuit Court of St. Louis.

THE National Convention of the W. C. T. U., at Minneapolis, passed resolutions promising the Prohibition party support, protesting against the Government's toleration of the liquor traffic, denouncing the use of fermented wine in the Lord's Supper, and demanding more pronounced temperance utterance from the pulpit. A minority report, that it was unwise to pledge the support of the organization to any political party, even to the Prohibitionists, was rejected by a vote of 150 to 33.

SOFT-COAL operators, and representatives of railways which carry their product, are said to be considering a pooling project for the regulation of mining rates, control of the output, and the maintenance of prices. In the United States Supreme Court a decision of the Illinois Supreme Court was reversed in the case of the Wash, St. Louis & Pacific Railway Company against The People. The higher court holds in effect that the Illinois State law of 1871, which was revised in 1873, regulating transportation charges, cannot apply to interstate traffic, as such application would trench upon the constitutional powers of Congress, and be a damaging restriction to the freedom of traffic.

JAMES G. BLAINE visited the college from which he graduated, at Washington, Pa., accompanied by his uncle, John H. Ewing, 90 years of age. They were presented to the students as the oldest and the most distinguished living graduates. By the explosion of the boiler of a portable saw-mill near Caernarvon, Pa., two men were fatally injured and three others were seriously cut. The fire in the mountains near Reading, Pa., has been extinguished, after 5,000 acres of valuable timber land had been burned over. A number of cattle perished in the flames.

JOHN BOWLES, confidential clerk in a Montreal jewelry house, skipped to Rochester with a large amount of diamonds and thirty gold watches. A threatening fire occurred on the steamer Queen, after reaching Liverpool from New York. The vessel was flooded with water and the fire subdued. Failures are announced of Rothschilds & Co., wholesale jewelers at Toronto, Ontario, for \$100,000; and of Helbrunner & Co., clothing, at Philadelphia, for \$51,000.

As a train was pulling out from Fort Smith, Ark., a big negro entered a sleeper, refused to pay fare, and was removed to a passenger coach only with the greatest difficulty. Here it became evident that he was insane, as he pulled out a knife and cut three men and an aged woman in a dangerous manner. When it appeared that the negro was about to run amok in the car Sheriff Hawkins, of Washington County, drew his revolver and shot him dead.

WINE for sacramental uses is the only kind of liquor that will henceforth be allowed to enter Alaskan ports. The Secretary of War has given orders that Chief Mangus and two of his braves be sent with Geronimo to Fort Pickens.

FIRE at Versailles, Mo., destroyed business buildings valued at \$50,000. The Mayor of Chicago has forwarded to Charleston the sum of \$5,000, raised upon his appeal to the charitable.

CROFTERS of Kilmuir, Isle of Skye, attacked a force of police who were assisting the Sheriff to make evictions. The military was called upon for aid, and charged the Crofters with the bayonet, wounding several. Six were arrested. Numerous Limerick tenants are paying their rents readily. Some have been granted large reductions. In one case the rent has been reduced from £32 to £200, and in another from £212 to £140.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEEVES.....	\$4.25	@ 5.75
HOGS.....	4.50	@ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 1 White.....	.84	@ .84 1/2
No. 2 Red.....	.86	@ .87
CORN—No. 2.....	.46	@ .47
OATS—White.....	.35	@ .36
PORK—New Mess.....	10.25	@ 10.75
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers.....	5.00	@ 5.50
Good Shipping.....	4.00	@ 4.75
Common.....	3.00	@ 3.50
HOGS—Shipping Grades.....	3.50	@ 4.25
FLOUR—Extra Spring.....	4.00	@ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.75	@ .76
CORN—No. 2.....	.35	@ .35 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.25	@ .26
BUTTER—Choice Creamery.....	.15	@ .30
Fine Dairy.....	.11 1/2	@ .11 1/4
CHEESE—Full Cream, Cheddar.....	.11 1/2	@ .12 1/4
Full Cream, new.....	.11 1/2	@ .12 1/4
EGGS—Fresh.....	.17	@ .18
POTATOES—Choice, per bu.....	4.00	@ 4.50
PORK—Mess.....	8.75	@ 9.00

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT—Cash.....	.74	@ .74 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.35	@ .35 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.25	@ .26
RYE—No. 1.....	.50	@ .52
PORK—Mess.....	8.75	@ 9.00
WHEAT—No. 2.....	.78	@ .79
CORN—No. 2.....	.37	@ .38
OATS—No. 2.....	.26	@ .27
BEEF CATTLE.....	4.00	@ 5.00
HOGS.....	4.00	@ 4.75
SHEEP.....	3.50	@ 4.50
WHEAT—Michigan Red.....	.77	@ .78
CORN—No. 2.....	.38	@ .39
OATS—No. 2.....	.30	@ .31
WHEAT—No. 3.....	.75	@ .76
CORN—Mixed.....	.33	@ .34
OATS—Mixed.....	.25	@ .26
PORK—New Mess.....	9.00	@ 9.50

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.78	@ .79
CORN—No. 3.....	.38	@ .39 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	.27	@ .28
PORK—Mess.....	9.50	@ 9.75
LIVE HOG.....	3.75	@ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard.....	.84	@ .85
CORN—No. 2.....	.42	@ .42 1/2
CATTLE.....	3.50	@ 4.25
BEEF CATTLE.....	4.25	@ 5.00
HOGS.....	3.75	@ 4.25
SHEEP.....	3.00	@ 3.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	.74	@ .75 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	.34	@ .34 1/2
OATS.....	.25	@ .26
CATTLE—Best.....	4.50	@ 5.25
Fair.....	4.25	@ 4.50
Common.....	3.50	@ 4.00
HOGS.....	4.00	@ 4.50
SHEEP.....	3.50	@ 4.00

THE APACHES.

Extracts from Gen. Miles' Report to the War Department.

Experience of the Troops on the Trail—Three Days Without Rations.

[Washington special.]

The controversy as to what assurance Gen. Miles gave Geronimo and his band is settled by the following, which is Gen. Miles' own language, and is an extract from his last annual report:

The efforts of a small party of Indians to get through the lines south of Bowie, near the boundary, and their action in not committing any depredations, indicated a desire to surrender or get past the troops to the agency. When near Fronteras there was some communication between the Indians and the local authorities regarding terms of peace, but it amounted to nothing, as the Indians would not place themselves in the hands of the Mexicans. At the request of Captain Lawton I joined his command on the evening of September 3, at Skeleton Canyon, a favorite resort of the Indians in former years, and well suited by name and tradition to witness the closing scenes of such an Indian war. While en route to join Lawton's command, Geronimo had sent his own brother with the interpreter to Fort Bowie to see me, and if not as a hostage, as an assurance of their submission and desire to surrender, and as an earnest of good faith. Soon after reaching Lawton's command, Geronimo came into our camp and dismounted; then, coming forward unarmed, he recounted his grievance, and the cause of his leaving the reservation. Immediately before and after the surrender several official communications were received regarding these Indians, but their surrender was in accordance with measures I had taken and directions given to bring it about months before, and the direct result of the intrepid zeal and indefatigable efforts of the troops in the field; when they surrendered they had not ammunition enough to make another fight. At the time referred to I did not suppose that the Indians who surrendered or were captured would in any marked degree be considered different from those hostile Indians who had in the past surrendered to others and to myself in other parts of the country. Such men as Natchez and Geronimo occupy the same status as Red Cloud, who led the Fort Fetterman massacre; Chief Joseph, Rain-in-the-Face, Spotted Eagle, Sitting Bull, and thousands of others, many of whom have burned and mutilated their living victims.

The report gives in some detail and very graphically accounts of the experience of the troops in pursuing the Indians and of the fighting that occurred. In speaking of one of the pursuits through Arizona he says:

In this pursuit Lieut. Brott displayed great energy and determination. The Indians, going over the roughest mountains, breaking down one set of horses, would abandon them and pass straight over the highest ranges and steal others in the valleys below, while the troops, in order to pursue them, were obliged to send their horses around the impassable mountain heights and follow the trail on foot, climbing in the ascent and sliding in the descent. He went at one time twenty-six hours without halt and was without water during eighteen hours in the intense heat of that season.

Of Capt. Lawton's pursuit he says:

From that time Capt. Lawton, with a fresh command, assumed the arduous and difficult task of pursuing them continuously through the broken mountainous country of Sonora for nearly three months. A portion of the command leading on the trail were without rations five days, three days being the longest continuous period. They subsisted on two or three deer killed by the scouts and mule meat without salt.

Gen. Miles meant, from the first, to get all the dangerous Indians out of the two Territories, as is shown by the following extract:

Soon after assuming command of the department, I became convinced that there could be no permanent peace or lasting settlement of the chronic condition of the warfare that had for centuries afflicted the territories now comprising Arizona and New Mexico and the bordering Mexican states until the hostile Apache Indians then on the war-path were captured or destroyed, and those at the agencies entirely removed from that mountainous region. The trails they had made in past years showed that their raids had been from the agency through the settlements and back again to that source of evil, and every few years their boys became full-fledged warriors, who, in order to achieve distinction according to the traditions and practices of their fathers, were compelled to commit savage acts of devastation.

Mangus' Band Captured.

[Washington dispatch.]

The following telegram from General Miles, dated Fort Apache, Arizona, has been transmitted by General Howard to the War Department:

A detachment under Captain Cooper, Tenth Cavalry, has just arrived at the post, having captured Mangus and his whole party, consisting of Mangus, two men, three squaws, and five children; also, twenty-nine mules and five ponies, all of which were brought in.

VIELE, Captain Commanding. These Indians have been pursued by Lieutenant Johnson and others through Chiricahua, Mexico, and New Mexico since September 7.

MILES, General Commanding. A later dispatch, dated San Francisco, from Assistant Adjutant General McKee, says the following telegram had been received from General Miles:

"Mangus, who was captured by Capt. Cooper, states that part of his band was captured by Mexicans and never heard from afterward. This would seem to confirm other reports, and gave rise to the report that Mangus himself had been killed. Capt. Viele, commanding Fort Apache, states that he believes we have all that are left of the Mangus party."

It is learned at the War Department that the Indians above referred to formed a part of Geronimo's band, but separated from that warrior's band last April when he offered to surrender to Gen. Crook. Nothing definite was known of Mangus' movements after the separation, but it was reported that he had escaped into Mexico and had been killed by the Mexicans.

Holland City News.

HOLLAND CITY, MICHIGAN.

THE population of France has increased only 500,000 in five years.

EIGHT hundred and sixty-two thousand barrels of apples were shipped to London, Liverpool, and Glasgow from this country between August, 1885, and May, 1886.

THE English and American press has persistently called Frank Liszt "Abbe." As a matter of fact he was a canon, and was always known by that title on the continent—except in France, where he was known by a bewildering variety of clerical and secular titles. Canon Liszt it should be, but Abbe Liszt it has been and probably will be.

FORTY years ago a New Jersey railroad refused permission to Henry O'Reilly, who died recently in New York City, to erect posts and build a telegraph line along the road from Washington to New York on the ground that the "telegraph would interfere with travel, by enabling persons to transact business by its means, instead of using the railroad."

THE well-known oculist, Dr. Hermann Cohn, of Breslau, objects strongly to the slate ordinarily used by school children, and proposes the use of white stone slabs. Dr. Stefan, in a recent number of the *Monatsschrift für Augenheilkunde*, shares Dr. Cohn's objections to the slate, but recommends white-enameled tinned iron as the best material for writing tablets.

SENATOR DON CAMERON writes his name in hotel-registers, preceded and followed by a heavy dash "J. D. Cameron." Being a very modest man, the prefix or suffix of "Senator" is very repugnant to him, and he hit upon the dashing expedient to head off ambitious hotel clerks, who persistently disregard his requests to leave off all appendages to his name.

BICYCLE riding, like roller-skating, has produced a new class of disease. It is an affection of the spine and kidneys, resulting from the continual jar of the machine. Six or eight cases of it are known that cannot be classified by their symptoms with any heretofore known ailment. In every instance it can be traced to the wheel. It exists only, however, in men of feeble organizations and non-elastic constitution.

"ROSCOE CONKLING," said a New York jeweler, "has a broad mind. He is not only a great lawyer, but his general information is great. He has a great many chains and charms, and he calls them all keepsakes. He asks questions about the jewelry business which prove that he knows what he is talking about. The other day, when he ordered a pair of sleeve-buttons, he drew a diagram showing just the size and thickness he wanted them made. No jeweler could have drawn it more clearly or more correctly."

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR have to pay pretty well for their membership. Seventy-five dollars is about the average fee for joining the Masonic fraternity itself, then the chapter fee is about \$50 more, and the commandery \$100. The outfit costs at least \$150, and the yearly dues amount altogether to about \$12. That makes a total of about \$387 for the first year, with \$100 added if a man wants to be a member of the consistory. There is said to be a lodge in New York that it costs \$500 to join at all, and in which the dues are large in proportion.

BISMARCKIAN relic hunters have had a fine harvest in Franzensbad, where the rooms which the great statesman occupied in the Hotel Huebner have been fairly stormed and ransacked. The apartment in which the Iron Chancellor had worked became the scene of a stand-up fight among the intruders. Everything that the Prince could possibly have touched was considered a good prize—paper clippings, quills, candle, and cigar ends, toothpicks, pencils, and the primitive porcelain inkstand itself. Some of the most intrepid invaders are said to have triumphantly carried off the soap, soap-dishes, and glasses of the washstand.

On the door of Prince Bismarck's study at Friedrichsruhe are notches indicating the height of all the members of the family. They are as follows: Prince Bismarck, 6 feet 2 inches; Count Herbert, 6 feet 1½ inches; Count William, 6 feet and ½ inch; Count Rantzau (Bismarck's son-in-law), 5 feet 10½ inches; Princess Bismarck, 5 feet 8½ inches, and Countess Mary von Rantzau, the Prince's daughter, 5 feet 8 inches. This gives an average height of 5 feet 11 inches for the whole family.

But opposite the name of Princess Bismarck is a note scrawled with a pencil saying that when she was measured she stood on her tiptoes.

SPEAKING to a newspaper correspondent the other day of the seven days' battles around Richmond, Jeff. Davis said Gen. Lee conceived and executed the desperate plan to turn the flank and rear of McClellan's army, which drove it from Richmond. He said that the failure to annihilate the Federal army was due chiefly to the fact that Gen. Lee had no maps of the country below Richmond, and that his army moved in ignorance of the country and with guides who, for the most part, proved themselves utterly inefficient. He said that Gen. Lee's object in the retreat from Petersburg was to reach Danville, and then to unite with Gen. Johnston and crush Sherman before Grant could come up.

THE story that Cuba desires to be annexed to the United States is revived, and it is stated there are various reasons for this desire on the part of the Cubans. In the first place, the natives very greatly admire our form of government, and dislike that under which they live. Then, they are largely intermarried with Americans and linked with our business interests. American business of every description stands higher in Cuban estimation than that of Spain. In Cuba the English language is spoken by all of the better classes, and the Spanish is almost despised on account of the tyranny of the mother country. Spain takes everything from Cuba, and gives her nothing, unless it is protection when Spanish interests are jeopardized. The Cubans believe they could get in a close relation with the United States, more protection and internal encouragement in the way of improvement.

OUIDA appears to have won for herself unenviable notoriety, by her recent article in the *North American Review* upon female suffrage. Of her, Julian Hawthorne says: "Why not draw the line at Ouida? There is nothing in her, mentally, morally, or physically, which any man or woman can respect. The dignity of human nature (such as it is) is lowered by the fact of her existence; and every overt act of the unfortunate creature has been a mischievous and unclean act. In literature, she has what is called the sense of 'color,' and she has a 'prurient imagination'; but she has always thrown the weight of what talent she possesses on the side of evil, though she has lacked the courage to do so avowedly. She has always conducted her foul raids under the name and style of Innocence, Virtue & Co. But even were her romances all that they are not, there is still no reason why she should be called upon to express her views on female suffrage. The poor woman has nothing in the way of what are commonly called brains; and save under the stimulus of some obscenity or other, even her animal instincts are torpid."

THE symptoms of pleuro-pneumonia, or cattle plague, are thus described: In its nature it is a specific infectious disease, generally affecting the lungs and the lining membrane of the chest, producing a particular form of lobar or lobular pleuro-pneumonia, and in the majority of cases, if not in all, it is transmitted through the medium of impure air—hence its localization in the lungs. Inoculation with the fluid from the diseased lungs does not produce any effect on other than the bovine species, but in this its action is most energetic. Producing after a certain interval characteristic lesions at the seat of inoculation, the morbid change or ineffective process soon involves parts beyond, and if not checked may cause most serious damage and even the death of the inoculated animal; though it does not develop the lung lesions always observe in accidental infection, yet there is a local anatomical similarity or identity. The malady is slow and insidious in its course, lasting from two to three weeks to as many months, the chief symptoms being fever, a diminished appetite, a short cough of a peculiar and pathognomonic character, with quickened breathing and pulse and physical indications of lung and chest disease. The progress of the malady is marked by exacerbation of the symptoms, and toward the end there is great debility and emaciation, death generally ensuing after the hectic fever has set in. Recovery is somewhat rare. The pathological changes are generally limited to the chest and its contents, and consists in a peculiar marble-like appearance of the lungs on section, and fibrinous deposits on the pleural membrane, with often-times great effusion into the cavity of the throat. Fortunately it is entirely confined to the bovine species; no well-authenticated instances of its transmission, either accidental or experimental, to other species have been recorded.

HOW JOHN BROWN DIED.

A Southern Eye-Witness Describes His Last Moments.

[J. L. T. Preston, in the Bivouac.]

"Shortly before 11 o'clock the prisoner was taken from jail and the funeral cortege was put in motion. First came three companies, then the criminal's wagon drawn by two large white horses. John Brown was seated on his coffin, accompanied by the Sheriff and two other persons. The wagon drove to the foot of the gallows, and Brown descended with alacrity and without assistance, and ascended the steep steps to the platform.

"His demeanor was intrepid, without being braggart. He made no speech; whether he desired to make one or not I do not know; even if he had desired it, it would not have been permitted. Any speech of his must of necessity have been unlawful, as being directed against the peace and dignity of the commonwealth, and as such could not be allowed by those who were then engaged in the most solemn and extreme vindication of the law.

"John Brown's manner gave no evidence of timidity, but his countenance was not free from concern, and it seemed to me to have a little cast of wildness. He stood upon the scaffold but a short time, giving brief adieus to those about him, when he was properly pinioned, the white cap drawn over his face, the noose adjusted and attached to the hook above, and he was moved, blindfolded, a few steps forward. It was curious to note how the instincts of nature operated to make him careful in putting off his feet, as if afraid he would walk off the scaffold. The man who stood unblenched on the brink of eternity was afraid of falling a few feet to the ground!

"Everything was now in readiness. The Sheriff asked the prisoner if he should give him a private signal before the fatal moment. He replied in a voice that sounded to me unnaturally natural—so composed was its tone and so distinct its articulation—that 'it did not matter to him if only they did not keep him too long waiting.' He was kept waiting, however; the troops that had formed his escort had to be put in their proper position, and while this was going on he stood for some ten or fifteen minutes blindfolded, the rope round his neck, and his feet on the treacherous platform, expecting instantly the fatal act; but he stood for this comparatively long time upright as a soldier in position and motionless. I was close to him, and watched him narrowly to see if I could detect any signs of shrinking or trembling in his person, but there was none. Once I thought I saw his knees tremble, but it was only the wind blowing his loose trousers.

"His firmness was subjected to still further trial by hearing Col. Smith announce to the Sheriff: 'We are all ready, Mr. Campbell.' The Sheriff did not hear, or did not comprehend, and in a louder tone the same announcement was made; but the culprit still stood steady, until the Sheriff, descending the flight of steps, with a well directed blow of a sharp hatchet, severed the rope which held up the trap-door, which instantly sank sheer beneath him. He fell about three feet, and the man of strong and bloody hand, of fierce passions, of iron will, of wonderful vicissitudes, the terrible partisan of Kansas, the capturer of the United States arsenal at Harper's Ferry, the would-be Catiline of the South, the demigod of the Abolitionists, the man execrated and lauded, damned and prayed for, the man who, in his motives, his means, his plans, and his successes, must ever be a wonder, a puzzle, and a mystery—John Brown—was hanging between heaven and earth.

"There was profoundest stillness during the time his struggles continued, growing feebler and feebler at each abortive attempt to breathe. His knees were scarcely bent, his arms were drawn up to a right angle at the elbow, with the hands clenched, but there was no writhing of the body, no violent heaving of the chest. At each feebler effort at respiration his arms sank lower and his legs hung more relaxed, until at last, straight and lank, he dangled, swayed slightly to and fro by the wind."

An Incident of Ellsworth's Death.

When Ellsworth's Zouaves were embarking for Alexandria, I was on a train from Philadelphia to Washington. When I reached Willard's, which at that time was my Washington home, the sun was just rising. It was too late to retire in the hope of sleeping and was too early for business. I therefore determined to while away an hour or two in observing the awakening life of the city as it would appear on Pennsylvania avenue. Among the first stragglers who attracted my notice was a member of the Zouaves. He was a broad-shouldered, muscular man more than six feet high, whose position, even in a regiment of 1,100 men, would be near to, if not absolutely on its right. He was evidently a straggler who had felt it would be more agreeable to spend the night amid the pleasures of the capital than to go to Alexandria and share in the skirmish his colonel anticipated. When the first cigar stand in the neighborhood opened, he procured one, and having lit it, leaned against the eastern jamb of the door of the hotel, and with his left leg crossed in front of the right one, which bore his weight, he now and again incontinently beat time with the toe of his left foot. The figure was a striking one.

While I contemplated it, and wondered whether, with all his enthusiasm, Ellsworth would be able to reduce long associated bands of such men as this to obedience, and to extract military service from them, my eye rested on the sturdy

form of Senator Chandler, of Michigan, who was approaching the hotel by a long diagonal from the southwest side of the avenue. The Senator met me without the usual morning salutation, but with the announcement, in tones expressive of indignation, that "they had just murdered Ellsworth at Alexandria." Starting as though touched into life by electricity, the lounge having exclaimed, with a prelude of shocking expletives, "That's a lie," hastened to the corner of Fourteenth street, and, having stretched his neck to enlarge his view and the better scrutinize the clouds above Alexandria, he returned, and, as if to complete his impious ejaculation, said: "I tell you if our colonel had been murdered you would see a black smoke stretching all over Alexandria." Leaving him to his cogitations, the Senator and I proceeded to the office of the hotel, where I heard the sad story of Ellsworth's death, which was so brief and so sad as to make one feel that a cruel fate had led him to the very portal of his goal and there excluded him peremptorily and forever, thus denying him the realization of the aspirations which had exacted from him so many sacrifices."—Hon. W. D. Kelley.

Lee at Fredericksburg.

In the *Century*, Maj. J. Horace Lacy gives some of his reminiscences of Gen. Lee. From his article we quote as follows: "Ascending the heights, I soon reached what was called the headquarters battery of Gen. Lee. Afar across the valley and river in the gray light of the early morning could be seen the white porches of my home, Chatham, made historic by Federal army correspondents, as the 'Lacy House.' The porches were filled with officers and gayly-dressed women, and from half a score of brass bands rang out across the valley 'Yankee Doodle,' and 'Hail, Columbia!' The commanding officer of the battery asked me if I would permit him to scatter the unbidden guests at my home. At his request I asked Gen. Lee to authorize the fire of the heavy guns, which would have laid Chatham in the dust. With a smile he refused, and, asking me to walk with him, we withdrew a short distance. He then motioned me to sit by him on the trunk of a large tree.

"Looking across at Chatham through his field-glass he said, 'Major, I never permit the unnecessary effusion of blood. War is terrible enough, at its best, to a Christian man; I hope yet to see you and your dear family happy in your old home. Do you know I love Chatham better than any place in the world except Arlington! I courted and won my dear wife under the shade of those trees. By the way, not long since I was riding out with my staff, and, observing how your grand old trees had been cut down by those people, I saw that a magnificent tulip popular at the head of the ravine, north of the house, was still standing, and, with somewhat of your rhetoric, I said to Venable and Taylor: 'There is nothing in vegetable nature so grand as a tree. Grappling with its roots the granite foundations of the everlasting hills, it reaches its sturdy and gnarled trunk on high, spreads its branches to the heavens, casts its shadow on the sward, and the birds build their nests and sing amid its umbrageous foliage. Behold, the monarch stripped of attendants and guards awes the vandal by the simple majesty of his sublime isolation.' Pocketing my field-glass, and riding on, I heard mingled with laughter a request from the young gentlemen that I would bring my glass to bear once more on the monarch of the forest. I looked, and even while I had been talking the ax of the vandal was laid to the root, and the monarch had fallen."

"Then, moved by emotion unusual to his calm and equable nature, he continued, 'I had three hundred acres of woodland at Arlington. Serving the United States Government for many years on the frontier, I marked with my own hand each tree that was to be used for timber or fuel. They tell me all my trees are gone—yours are all gone'; then rising from the log, with a fire and a passion rarely witnessed in him, and with all the majesty of his sublime presence, he said: 'Major, they have our trees; they shall never have the land!'"

"Three years after the close of the war I was a visitor at the home of Gen. Lee, then President of Washington and Lee University. After dinner the General retired, and I was invited to see Mrs. Lee in her chamber. She was a great sufferer and confirmed invalid, incapable of motion save in a roller-chair, which it was the chief delight of him who had so long directed great armies to move from room to room, bending over her with the grace of a Sidney and the devotion of a youthful lover. I told Mrs. Lee the story which I have so imperfectly attempted to reproduce. Need I tell any woman who reads these pages that the tears streamed down that patient, furrowed face, or that a light and joy from beyond the stars beamed through those tears, as she knew that the thoughts of her great husband wandered far away from the clash of arms to the memories of their youthful love and courtship under the shade of her ancestral oaks, for Chatham was originally the property of a near relative. As I concluded the sentence, 'They shall never have the land,' hearing a slight noise, I turned and saw the General, who had silently entered, in dressing-gown and slippers. The great buck-shot drops slowly rolled down that face, whose calm was never broken by the earthquake shock of battle. Slowly and silently he retired, and I could but feel the deepest compunction that words of mine should have sent another pang through that great heart."

MICHIGAN AFFAIRS.

—Mrs. Reids, of Romeo, was 100 years old last week.

—A little son of John Wise, of Three Rivers, ate fly paper and died.

—The bodies of twenty drowned people have been taken out of the Saginaw River during the last six months.

—W. M. H. Cobligh, aged 73, a wealthy farmer living near East Saginaw, was killed by the wind blowing a heavy gate on him.

—Bronson formerly had two lawyers. One of them has become a preacher and the other has gone into the pension business.

—Ten persons were seriously poisoned at Adrian by drinking new cider. Physicians declare that arsenic had been mixed with the beverage.

—Roughs turned a blind horse loose in the opera house at Nashville, where it roamed about all night, breaking chairs and destroying painted scenery.

—Jonathan Sylvester, of Assyria, is having a serious time with a wheat-tarb, which got into his throat while thrashing. His throat has been lanced several times.

—The village of Clinton sued the Lake Shore Railroad Company for fast running through the corporation. The company settled the matter by paying \$25 and costs.

—A horse "stolen" from the pasture of George Cass, of Assyria, recently, was, after an arduous search by the owner and officers, found in a neighboring field, having jumped the fence.

—"As to General Willcox," says the *New York Times*, "the eminent fitness of his appointment will not be questioned. His is a distinguished military record, going back to the Mexican war, into which he entered directly after his graduation at West Point, and including the whole of the civil war."

—*Detroit Free Press*: The story of the destruction of Sabine Pass is full of pathos, and excites the warmest commiseration for the sufferers. It is calculated moreover, to make the dwellers on streams like the Detroit extremely thankful that they can live on the great water highway without risk of inundation.

—Michael Welch, aged 20, while drawing sand from a hill at Grand Rapids, was caught by a landslide. His wagon was crushed, he fell under the horse, and the horse was partly covered with sand. Two younger brothers who witnessed the accident dug out the buried youth, and he was able to walk home.

—Quartermaster General Hart has concluded arrangements by which all of the Michigan State troops will be provided with Winchester rifles. They will probably be received within the next thirty days. The plan to provide the entire militia with more modern arms has been a pet project of Gen. Hart, and its success has pleased him immensely.

—A stranger called at the residence of Dr. Mera, and informed his wife that he wished to pay a bill. He said he owed \$10 and was anxious to settle the amount, as he did not know when he could call again. Mrs. Mera said she would receipt for the money and was given a check for \$15. She gave him \$5 in change, and he politely bowed himself away. It was afterward discovered that the check was bogus.—*Free Press*.

—The *Ypsilanti Sentinel* is down on the work of the humanitarians who have changed the prison garb, which used to be so conspicuous that an escaped prisoner would have to hide until he could procure other clothing if he got away, while his chances of getting away unobserved were small, but is now a stripe indistinguishable from an ordinary dress beyond the walls, so that a prisoner, if he gets outside, can walk off at his leisure.

—At Jackson were arrested Jessy Hatch and Sidney Wiltz, two boys, aged 11 and 13 respectively, for the larceny of \$47 from Mrs. Holden. Mrs. Holden is Hatch's aunt, and he it was who entered the house and committed the robbery a few days ago, while Wiltz stood on guard and waited for him. The boys then built a hut and furnished it with pistols, hatchets, and other things, and proceeded to organize a Jesse James gang, which was accomplished, with Hatch as leader. The boys denied the affair at first, but finally made a confession in court. They were bound over to the Circuit Court, with bonds at \$20 each, which were furnished by their parents.

—The last month has borne startling and conclusive evidence of the intensity and the commonness of the perils which menace navigation on the lakes. In fact, so numerous have been the losses that they seem out of proportion to the number of vessels employed and the amount of business which they are capable of transacting. Is it that there is defective seamanship, or imperfect construction of vessels, which aids to swell the frightful total of losses in life and property attending the navigation of the lakes? Without any statistics to refer to, no positive statement can be made, but it would seem at a superficial glance that the Northern lakes afford the most dangerous waters known to navigation. It can hardly be possible that inferiority of seamanship can be responsible for this condition, and yet there seems no adequate reason why the lakes should be so destructive of life.—*Chicago Times*.

HOLLAND CITY NEWS.

WILLIAM H. ROGERS, Editor.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1886.

For the Holland City News.

Van Lente's Choir.

Van Lente's Society for the practice of Vocal Music celebrated the thirtieth anniversary of its organization on Tuesday evening, October 19, at the residence of the society's leader, Mr. John Van Lente. There were sixty persons present, members and ex members and friends of the organization. The evening was spent very pleasantly and socially by singing, addresses, etc. Mr. John Kerkhoff was assigned the task of giving those present a brief account of the start of the Society and a history of its career. The Society was organized October, 14, 1856, by Mr. Fredrik Van Lente, father of the present leader, in a log house on the corner of Land and Sixteenth street. Here the members received instruction in the singing of Dutch psalms and hymns and the evenings of their meetings were always spent pleasantly and socially and with profit to the members. In 1865 the present leader, after an absence of three years in the War of the Rebellion, took the leadership and added to the Dutch songs English music. In 1872 the Society was so prosperous that they erected a hall for their own use which has since been in use by them. The number of persons having belonged to this Society and received instruction is more than two hundred, many whom are deceased. On the 10th of February, 1874, Mr. F. Van Lente, the originator of the Society, died aged 74 years. His remains were escorted to the cemetery by the members of the society and a large number of his friends. A branch of this Society was instituted in the neighborhood of this city for improvement in literature and knowledge generally, which is at present suspended. The Society's present membership is not large, being only ten members, but they all devote themselves with zeal to the organization. At the re-union meeting it was resolved, That every year hereafter as long as this Society was in existence there should be held a re-union on the 14th of October and all members, ex-members and friends of the cause be invited in celebrating the occasion in a social manner; also that *De Grondwet* and the *HOLLAND CITY NEWS* be requested to publish this report, and that copies of their publications be sent to all ex-members of the Society.

H. GROOTENHUIS, Secretary.

Knights of the Macabees.

Perhaps no one thing marks the social and economic progress of the people of the present day more clearly than the growth of society insurance Orders found at every quarter of this land. The history of the progress and civilization of the time could not be written without according to these orders and the deeds of benevolence done thereby a great share of attention. Purely benevolent in their nature, having brotherly love, charity and good will, not only as a basis but as a superstructure, furnishing a certainty of relief to loved ones at the time of greatest need, they entwine themselves about our best and purest affections, and appeal to our manliness and love of mankind, as no society of a purely business character can, and in all the land rarely is a discreet man found who is not a member of one or more of these emergency associations, and among them the K. O. T. M. is second to none. While in numbers it can not boast so many as some others, in perfectness of detail, in promptness of payment to the beneficiary, in cheapness, and in the unity of its members, it stands at the head. Crescent Tent, No. 63 is the name of the organization in this city, and Mr. W. A. Holly, the record keeper, will be pleased to inform all persons, as to the plan of insurance, on application to him.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Register of Deeds.

The following is a correct translation of an article, published, October 28th, in "*De Hollander*," a paper published in the Holland language in the City of Holland:

"Mr. Kelly, the candidate on the Republican ticket for Register of Deeds, understanding the difficulties Hollanders would meet with, promised two years ago to engage a Hollander as his assistant, but did not do so. For the sake of the many Hollanders who cannot speak the English language, and yet have business to transact at the Court House, our advice is: Vote for Rense A. Hyma, an able and (as every one is conscious) an accommodating Hollander, a man well acquainted in the Court House and ready to advise and assist his countrymen. Therefore for your own interests and to serve your neighbor and countrymen, vote for Mr. Hyma, who is willing to serve as interpreter republican as well as democrat."

In justice to myself and to enable the electors of the county to choose their public officers without being influenced by falsehood or appeals to nationality, I deny the above charge, pronounce it false and base, and furthermore make the following statement: That when I was the candidate for the office of Register of Deeds on the Republican ticket two years ago, I did not during that time, nor at any time before or thereafter, promise or authorize any one to promise for me any person or persons that I would employ a Hollander as an

assistant in said office in the event of my election; that during my administration of that office no difficulty has been experienced in transacting public business on account of my inability to speak the Holland language, and that during that period only one person, according to my best recollection required the assistance of an interpreter.

Wm. F. KELLY, Register of Deeds.

Mr. Editor:—Allow me to add to the above just a word. To my personal knowledge no county officer has been absent from his post of duty so generally for part of each day and at times for a whole day and days together than R. A. Hyma. For the last year he has lived in the town of Robinson and drove in each morning and back home, spending but half a day at the office. Many a man can testify I among the number, that often, when desiring to transact business at the Treasurer's office, he had to leave the city again disappointed, many from quite a distance. At the Register's office either the Register, Mr. Kelly, or his very efficient assistant, could *always* be found during business hours. "*De Hollander*" charges that Mr. Kelly promised to appoint a Hollander as assistant to accommodate those speaking only the Holland language, and failed to do so. I do not believe Mr. Kelly ever made any such promise. I, myself, advised him to retain Mrs. Squiers, a widow lady, whose husband was drowned on the Alpena. She had already worked in the office for four years and is a most efficient assistant, a lady in every sense of the word and trying to support herself and children by her own efforts. It is represented that it is necessary to elect Mr. Hyma to that office so that he may assist Hollanders. Now can a man assist another when for a good share of the day he is eight or ten miles away from the place where the assistance is required? This passes my comprehension. Mr. Kelly has served only one term, has made a capable, efficient and obliging officer. He deserves a second term. That was the great argument used in favor of Mr. Hyma for a second term as Treasurer. It should have weight against him this year. Mr. Hyma has been Treasurer four years, a good fat office, and should not now ask the people to put him into another fat berth.

Yours for the straight ticket,
C. VAN LOO.
To the Reader.

You are a citizen and a voter, and as such we address you on a matter of common interest, and of great public concern.

As a citizen you certainly feel bound to promote the general good. Were an enemy to invade the land, you would join in measures of defence, and perhaps die as a patriotic soldier; were some wide spread evil in the land, you would deplore the calamity, and make personal efforts to save life and property.

As a voter, you will grant that your ballot is for the simple purpose of securing a beneficial administration or the government; the right, or the greatest good to the greatest number? He who votes otherwise forgets the high duties of citizenship.

In our judgment the liquor traffic of the United States, and the drinking habits of the people are a fearful enemy to the country, a very curse, worse than any other which can be dreaded or denounced; nor will any one deny the fact. Can conscientious men do nothing to destroy such a moral and political evil?

Elections are held in order to settle policies, and to decide momentous issues. But, at this time there is only one vital question before the American people, viz: "Shall the liquor traffic be allowed to go on in its career of misery and death, as the battery of Satan, or shall it be prohibited as gambling is?" We ask your answer to this at the ballot box.

Is prohibition right,—the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage? We feel that it is, yes, that there is a pressing obligation to prohibit. If you agree, then aid our cause both by voice and vote. You may claim that you will do the best in the old parties and through their legislative acts; perhaps by local option, or high taxation. Such hopes are surely vain. The high license or taxation laws of Chicago and Michigan do not lessen the rum evil and never will; nor can the wages of sin be a blessing to this or any other land. Furthermore, the dominant party in Michigan has never given an opportunity to vote on the question of constitutional prohibition, even when in a large majority and petitioned to by thousands upon thousands. Shall the will of the people be thus disregarded, and we do nothing as a remedy? Hence we ask you again to join the prohibition party, and make its cause your own. Decide for the right and your home. Will you not give us your vote at the coming election?

THE PROHIBITION CLUB.
Holland, Mich., October 28, 1886.

There are less persons afflicted with rheumatism, since our druggists have sold Salvation Oil.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or common cold in its first stage. That which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon preys upon the lungs. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup affords instant relief. It is an infallible remedy. Price 25 cents a bottle.

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, schooner Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner. Free trial bottles of this standard remedy at Yates & Kane's drug store.

Special Notices.

Special Assessors' Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND.
CLERK'S OFFICE, October 19, 1886.
To Rev. G. J. Te Winkle and Anje Bolhuis. You and each of you are hereby notified that a special assessment roll, for the repair of sidewalks, has been reported by the Board of Assessors to the Common Council of the City of Holland, and filed in this office and that the Common Council has fixed upon the 9th day of November at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the Common Council rooms in said city, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the Board of Assessors to review said roll. By order of the Common Council.
Geo. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

An entire new line in Infants' outfits has been placed in stock at the store of
L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE & CO.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that my wife, Martena having left my bed and board, that hereafter I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her on my account.
LOUIS DE KRAKER,
Holland, Mich., Oct. 15, 1886, 38-21.

Mrs. D. M. Gee & Co. invite the attention of the ladies of Holland and vicinity to their fine line of Cloaks just received. The garments are new, stylish and pretty. Prices lower than goods of the same quality have ever been sold before.

Ladies Your Attention

is called to the fact that L. & S. Van den Berge & Co., have the largest and best assorted stock of Millinery in this city consisting of Hats, straw, and felt. Velvet and Astrakhan Ostrich Plumes, Tips and fancy Feathers. We have also a full line of novelty hat trimmings such as plain and fancy Astrakhan, plush, velvet, ribbons, etc. Ladies call and inspect our stock.

New Advertisements.

Special Assessors' Notice.

CITY OF HOLLAND.
CLERK'S OFFICE, October 26, 1886.
To Gustave Knutson, R. Schaddelee and Owner Unknown. You and each of you are hereby notified that a special assessment roll, for the repair of sidewalks, has been reported by the Board of Assessors to the Common Council of the City of Holland, and filed in this office, and that the Common Council has fixed upon the 16th day of November, 1886, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the Common Council rooms in said city, as the time and place when and where they will meet with the Board of Assessors to review said roll. By order of the Common Council.
Geo. H. SIPP, City Clerk.

FIRST WARD

Drug Store,
Dr. F. J. SCHOUTEN, Prop.

Having purchased the business and stock of

Drugs and Medicines,

of the late firm of Best & Landaal, I have renovated and fitted up the store in first-class style and have added largely to the general stock of goods.

Toilet Articles

Perfumes and Toilet Waters

in abundance and I particularly invite the ladies of Holland to call and inspect my stock.

Mr. Albert G. Hulzena has been engaged as Clerk and will wait on all customers with courtesy and politeness.

I have all the Prescriptions of the late Dr. R. B. Best and can prepare any of them on short notice.

GIVE ME A CALL!

DR. F. J. SCHOUTEN.
Holland, Mich., Oct. 20th, 1886. 38-1f.

THE FINEST

Boots and Shoes

—AT—

E. HEROLD'S

Honest Goods

—AT—

Honest Prices!

BEST \$3.00 SHOE

in the city, always on hand.

I have the Celebrated

GRAY BROS.' SHOE

for Ladies. Call and see them.

Repairing promptly and neatly done.

NO. 46, EIGHTH STREET.

E. HEROLD.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 20, 1886.

Not Selling Out!

But selling Goods

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

No shop worn or dirty Jewelry, but good clean goods at honest prices, at the old reliable store of

Otto Breyman

—dealer in—

Jewelry, Watches,

DIAMONDS,

Silverware, Platedware, and Fancy Goods.

Gold and Silver Watches at Reasonable Prices.

All the Goods are warranted to be just as represented.

I am prepared to do repairing and engraving promptly and in the best manner. Come and examine our stock. No trouble to show Goods.

O. BREYMAN.
HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 20, 1886.

We now have more store room to show our vast Stock of

Ready-Made Clothing

having recently enlarged our store, and have also just received the largest and best stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

ever kept in Holland. We have

Boys' Suits for \$1.50 to \$10.

Men's Suits for \$4 to \$20.

and all well made, good fitting garments.

IN OUR CUSTOM DEPARTMENT

we have some of the finest

Suitings, Overcoatings and Trouserings,

which we make in the Latest Styles and at reasonable prices.

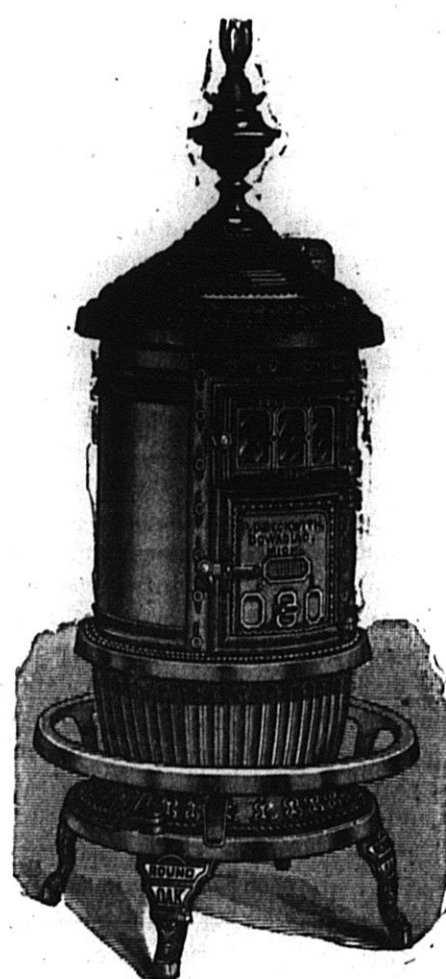
GIVE US AN EARLY CALL!

and be assured of perfect satisfaction in fit and in price.

J. W. BOSMAN.

Holland, Mich.

THE BEST



Stoves ! • Stoves !

—IN THE—

:: MARKET ::

—AT THE—

SECOND-HAND STORE

—OF—

A. B. BOSMAN.

[OFFICIAL.]
Common Council.

HOLLAND, Mich., Oct. 26, 1886.
The Common Council met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by the Mayor.
Present: Mayor McBride, Ald. Ter Vree, Harrington, Kramer, Steketee, Bertsch, and the Clerk.
Reading of the minutes was suspended.
Ald. Bangs here appeared and took his seat.
The Board of Assessors reported a special assessment roll for the repair of sidewalks. Accepted, ordered filed by the Clerk and numbered, and that notice be published in the HOLLAND CITY NEWS for two weeks and that the Board of Assessors will meet with the Common Council to review said roll on Tuesday, November 16th, 1886.
The Board of Assessors also reported the following special assessment rolls, to-wit: For the improving, grading and graveling of Ninth street special street assessment district; for the graveling of Tenth street special street assessment district; for the improving, grading and graveling of Eleventh street special street assessment district; for the graveling of Cedar street special street assessment district and for the improving, grading and graveling of West Twelfth street special street assessment district. Rolls were, by resolution, confirmed by yeas and nays as follows: yeas, Ter Vree, Harrington, Bangs, Kramer, Steketee and Bertsch, 5; nays, 0.
Ald. De Merell here appeared and took his seat.
The Committee on Public Buildings and Property were instructed to dispose of the old building on the south east corner of River and Tenth street.
The Committee on Fire Department were instructed to purchase 500 feet of fire hose, 2 spray nozzles, 4 helmets and one Siamese connection.
The chairman of the Committee on Fire Department reported verbally on the communication from Eagle Hose Co. No. 1, that from what information they could gain they favored the action taken by the company. Report accepted and the action taken by the company sustained.
The council directed the issue of a bond, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable annually, principal to be paid in three years, for the purchase of a gravel pit, amount of bond, \$430.67.
The following bids were received for the improving and grading of South Cedar street special street assessment district, viz: P. & J. Konig, for the removal of earth 6 cents per cubic yard, and for all other work five cents; K. Van Haften, for the removal of earth 8 cents per cubic yard, and for all other work five cents; W. Roseboom, for the removal of earth 6 1/2 cents per cubic yard, and for all other work 5 cents. The City Attorney was instructed to draw up the required contract and bond for doing the job.
Council adjourned.
Geo. H. Sipp, City Clerk.

OUT AROUND.

Lake Shore.

We have had splendid weather so far this fall to harvest and secure our corn crop. Corn never was better here on the shore than it is this season, the ears are of good length and well ripened. Wheat was mostly planted in good season and now looks well. Mr. James A. Crofoot is here on a visit. He has sold his farm, on the corners, to Mr. Alvin Dolph who has just arrived here with his family from Minnesota, where he has had his residence for the last three or four years. Mrs. Dolph and family have been visiting relatives, Mr. Buchanan, of Grand Rapids, while Mr. D. was locating a farm. He returned home on the 23rd inst. and found that death had visited his family during his absence. His daughter, 17 years of age, had passed away during the night in her mother's arms, of consumption. They brought the body to this place for interment in the Lake Shore Cemetery which is on the farm which he had purchased of Mr. Crofoot. Milo D. Crofoot, of Shelby, is here visiting relatives and friends. He reports that our old friend and neighbor, H. Beckman, is doing well on his job of stumping near Shelby. The death of the daughter of Mr. June Davis was very sudden and unexpected, she being sick only a short time with typhoid fever. Marian Davis, the deceased, was a good girl and an only daughter. The attendance at the funeral services was the largest we have ever seen at this place. Mr. Earl Johnston returned on the 23rd from Oceana County where he has been visiting his sister and some friends for a few days. Otto Johnston is at present visiting his sister, Mrs. Beckman, in Oceana County. "Uncle Michael" says that he is the Lord's wheel mule. Well if he is then we saw and heard the saddle mule bray last Sabbath. I think it would be policy if the West Olive correspondent was not quite so inquisitive about the affairs of "Jugblutton" or "Free Lance." He might get a stab that would make him "blat."

West Olive.

A real old fashioned "Jack Frost" Monday night. Who says hard times, business depression, financial panic, &c., when there has been eight real estate changes made within three miles of this station in the last six months. Mr. Geo. O. Barlow figured largely in the transactions, having disposed of three different pieces of property and purchased a fourth. Mr. Shearers, the new agent here, will occupy the Cady house recently vacated by Rev. Ribble. Frank Wallace and Mahlon Trumble are each erecting dwellings on their respective places. Mr. and Mrs. Burman, of Maple Grove, Barry County, are visiting at M. W. Trumble's this week. Mrs. Braid, of Fremont, with two children, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Walker, and sister, Mrs. T. Cole, for a few days. Ben Avery's brother and sister visited him at his home last Tuesday. Father Stoddard, of Johnsville, took dinner at A. R. Robinson's Monday and related some pioneer incidents of fifty-two years ago which were thrilling to a modern life. Nina Cady visits her brother Henry at Allegan this week. If anyone would like to see a couple of perfect pigs Mr. R. T. Cady has them. Mr. Millman, who had the Barlow place bought for him, was greatly disappointed on reaching here, things having been painted to him in high colors, but he thinks he will stay a while and try his hand with the rest of us. The W. O. P. Club was addressed by President Robinson, but could not say as the Herald did two weeks ago, that he enjoyed the echo of his own voice. Wonder how they tell. "W. O. C."

Ottawa Station.

Yesuvius slumbers, but the quiet mutterings of her rest, means mud and ashes when aroused and agitated, which warns the reckless to beware. Adam Lick and Baldwin Hadley had their flocks of sheep raided one night last week by dogs and several of the animals were killed. The dogs two in number were from a distance, and succeeded in getting away without being identified, although seen. We wish that the state would give us a law compelling every man that keeps a sheep killing dog to wear a muzzle. No not the man, we mean the dog. We

learn that a party of hunters a few days ago, succeeded in killing a number of wild turkeys on the Pigeon river flats. It turns out however that the hunters were wild, and the turkeys tame, and were the property of one Wm. Stone of this place. That Olive Center calf seems to have aroused a belligerent spirit when it knocked out a tooth for somebody living there. But the deed is done, and the damage repaired in a neat and workmanlike manner that defies detection, at an actual cost of four and one-half dollars. This it seems should satisfy, and as the calf in the first instance had the best of the fight, it is possible that the contest in the second instance might result in the same manner, therefore we say let us have peace. Lawyer Angel, of Grand Haven, entertained an attentive audience here on Friday evening, Oct. 22, in a discussion of the political issues of the day and the tariff in particular. He made some excellent points which it is well for every voter to consider. Frazier W. Headley is again at work on his new house. Newel Gilmore is also building a new house which he expects to occupy before cold weather sets in. James Cassidy Waffle, who has been sick for some time, was taken to Grand Rapids last Saturday for medical and surgical treatment. Timothy Roberts who came here from the state of New York last August to visit his brother William and for the benefit of his health, reports himself much improved. Although we occasionally fall short somewhat in the productions of the soil, it is ever positive that health abounds. In the past fourteen years of residence here, we cannot recall a single fatal instance of malarial or malignant fever of any kind, in this locality, and but few with serious tendencies. Husking corn, and doing odd jobs generally in preparation for the coming winter, is the present program of the farmer, the yield and quality of corn being much better than anticipated. Married at the home of the bride's father at Olive Center, on Oct. 23, Julia Fonger and Lafayette Ballow, Squire Owens officiating. The occasion was celebrated by a dance given at the home of the bride's parents, on Tuesday night, Oct. 26, when the hero of a former occasion made another attempt in this quarter for a partner, but at this time with opposite results, for Vesuvius was awake, and "discretion formed, the better part of valor" in face of the danger, but "faint heart never won fair lady," so young man try, try again. James Bush has gone to help his brother John and Jasper Dennis, who have a job to get out lumber and ties near Muskegon. John Bush was home again on Tuesday and Wednesday. "ANDREW."

Special Notices.

Cloaks!

A large variety of styles in Ladies, Misses and Children's Cloaks has just been received at
L. & S. VAN DEN BERGE & Co.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Yates & Kane. Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures Consumption. For sale by Yates & Kane.

That Hacking Cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Will you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you.

Registration Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration of the City of Holland, will meet at the following places in said City, on Saturday the 30th day of October, A. D. 1886, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m., and 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of completing the list of qualified voters of the several wards in said city.
In the First Ward at the Common Council Rooms.
In the Second Ward at Daniel Bertsch's building, No. 51, Eighth street, east.
In the Third Ward at the meeting room of Eagle Hose Co., No. 1.
In the Fourth Ward at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

J. A. Ter Vree, E. J. Harrington, Will Z. Bangs, R. N. De Merell, B. Steketee, Daniel Bertsch, Jacob Kulte, Board of Registration of the City of Holland.
Dated: Holland Mich., Oct. 6th, A. D. 1886.

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for Constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Croup, whooping cough and bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure.

Sleepless nights, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Yates & Kane.

Catarrh cured, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents Nasal Injector free.

Election Notice.

CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY OF HOLLAND,
October 13th, 1886.

To the electors of the City of Holland:

Notice is hereby given that the general election to be held in this State on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next, in the several wards in the city of Holland, shall be held at the places designated by the Common Council as follows:

In the First Ward at the Common Council rooms.

In the Second Ward at Daniel Bertsch building, No. 51, Eighth street, east.

In the Third Ward at the meeting room of Eagle Hose Co., No. 1.

In the Fourth Ward at the residence of Geo. H. Sipp.

The following officers are to be elected, viz:

A Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Auditor General, Commissioner of the State Land Office, Attorney General, and Superintendent of Public Instruction; also a Member of the State Board of Education, in place of Edgar Rexford, whose term of office will expire December 31, 1886; also a Representative in Congress for the Fifth Congressional District of this State, to which your county belongs; also, a Senator for the 21st Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Muskegon and Ottawa; also, a Representative in the State Legislature for each of the two Representative Districts, into which your county is divided.

Also the following county officers, viz: Sheriff, Clerk, Treasurer, Register of Deeds, Prosecuting Attorney, two Circuit Court Commissioners, Surveyor, and two Coronors.

You are also hereby notified that at said election the following proposed amendments to the Constitution of this State will be submitted to the people of the State for their adoption or rejection, viz:

An amendment to Section 10, Article 10, relative to the Board of Auditors of Wayne County, provided for by Joint Resolution No. 16, Laws of 1885—
Sec. 10. The board of supervisors or in the county of Wayne the board of county auditors, shall have the exclusive power to prescribe and fix the compensation for all services rendered for, and to adjust all claims against their respective counties, and the sum so fixed or defined shall be subject to no appeal: Provided, that the Legislature shall have power to regulate, control, modify, or abolish the board of county auditors of Wayne county, and may by law provide for the auditing of the accounts of Wayne county.

An amendment to Section 1, Article 9, relative to the salaries of State officers, provided for by Joint Resolution No. 27, Laws of 1885—

Sec. 1. The judges of the circuit courts shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars; the Governor, State Treasurer, Secretary of State, the Commissioner of Land Office, Attorney General, and Superintendent of Public Instruction shall receive such salary as shall be fixed and determined by the Legislature of this State, such salaries to be fixed and determined by the Legislature of this State at its first session after the adoption of this amendment and in each fourth year thereafter.

Geo. H. Sipp, City Clerk.

Rail Roads.

Chicago and West Michigan Railway.

Taking Effect Sunday, August 8, 1886.

FROM HOLLAND TO CHICAGO.

TOWNS.	Mail.	Exp.	N.Y.	Exp.	Mix.
Holland.....	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
Grand Junction.....	10 20	1 30	12 10	5 00	
Bangor.....	11 37	2 18	1 23	8 05	
Benton Harbor.....	11 57	2 30	1 40	9 20	
New Buffalo.....	1 25	3 13	3 00	12 00	
Chicago.....	2 35	4 05	4 45	3 00	
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM CHICAGO TO HOLLAND.

Chicago.....	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
New Buffalo.....	9 00	2 55	9 55		
Benton Harbor.....	11 35	6 10	12 30	7 25	
Bangor.....	12 30	6 57	1 50	10 15	
Grand Junction.....	1 45	7 48	2 55	1 45	
Holland.....	2 00	8 00	3 17	2 55	
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM HOLLAND TO GRAND RAPIDS.

TOWNS.	Mail.	Exp.	Exp.	Exp.	Exp.
Holland.....	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Zeeland.....	3 05	8 50	14 45	10 05	5 45
Grand Rapids.....	3 13	4 56	10 20	5 55	
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM GRAND RAPIDS TO HOLLAND.

Grand Rapids.....	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
Zeeland.....	9 00	12 50	11 00	4 45	
Holland.....	9 53	11 43	5 27		
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM HOLLAND TO MUSKEGON.

Holland.....	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
Grand Haven.....	10 15	3 05	15 30	5 40	8 55
Ferryburg.....	11 03	3 43	6 30	6 25	9 35
Muskegon, 3rd street.....	11 05	3 47	6 40	6 30	9 38
Muskegon, 3rd street.....	11 30	4 16	7 15	7 10	10 05
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM MUSKEGON TO HOLLAND.

Muskegon, 3rd street.....	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Ferryburg.....	1 40	12 25	7 45	8 50	10 05
Grand Haven.....	2 05	12 47	8 07	9 17	10 35
Holland.....	2 10	12 50	8 10	9 20	10 45
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

FROM HOLLAND TO ALLEGAN.

Holland.....	p.m.	a.m.			
Fillmore.....	3 30	10 25			
Hamilton.....	3 30	10 33			
Allegan.....	4 05	11 05			
	p.m.	a.m.			

FROM ALLEGAN TO HOLLAND.

Allegan.....	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.		
Hamilton.....	9 05	4 30	11 25		
Fillmore.....	9 47	5 13	12 15		
Holland.....	10 05	5 30	1 00		
	p.m.	a.m.			

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

*Train arrives in Chicago 7:00 a. m. on Monday.

All trains run by Central Standard time.

Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

W. A. GAVETT, Ass. Gen. Pass. Agt.

W. A. CARPENTER, Traffic Manager.

F. G. CHURCHILL, Station Agent.

Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette Railroad.

"Mackinac Short Line"

The only Direct Route between the East and South and Upper Peninsula of Michigan.

WEST. TIME TABLE. EAST.

READ DOWN. Taking Effect June 22, 1886. READ UP.

A. M. P. M. L'VE [ARR.] A. M. P. M.

9 00 6 05 ... Detroit..... 13 45 9 00

P. M. A. M. L'VE [ARR.] P. M. A. M.

10 30 6 50 ... St. Ignace..... 8 30 6 10

11 13 7 16 ... Moran..... 8 01 5 12

11 41 7 35 ... Palms..... 7 41 4 44

11 52 7 43 ... Ozark..... 7 34 4 33

1 27 8 32 ... Newberry..... 6 21 2 48

1 45 8 50 ... McMillan..... 6 14 2 40

2 15 9 14 ... Sney..... 6 00 2 15

2 56 9 40 ... Walch..... 5 15 1 35

3 38 10 06 ... Reedsboro..... 4 49 1 02

4 20 10 12 ... Munising..... 4 15 12 13

4 44 11 00 ... Au Train..... 3 58 11 50

5 28 11 31 ... Rock River..... 3 25 11 06

5 40 11 38 ... Onota..... 3 17 10 54

5 54 11 50 ... Sand River..... 3 06 10 39

6 14 12 05 ... Hancock..... 2 50 10 19

6 35 12 40 ... Marquette 2..... 2 15 9 30

A. M. P. M. L'VE [ARR.] P. M. P. M.

8 00 12 50 ... Marquette..... 2 00 6 10

8 35 1 40 ... Negaunee..... 1 25 5 32

8 50 1 55 ... Ishpeming..... 12 58 5 20

10 00 3 05 ... Republic..... 11 50 4 10

10 00 3 10 ... Michigamme..... 11 50 4 10

..... 4 10 ... L'Anse..... 10 40

..... 5 30 ... Houghton..... 9 20

..... 6 35 ... Hancock..... 9 01

..... 6 55 ... Calumet..... 8 15

A. M. P. M. L'VE [ARR.] P. M. P. M.

Mixed train leaves St. Ignace at 7:00 a. m., arrives Marquette 5:30 p. m.; leaves Marquette 7:00 a. m., arrives St. Ignace 5:35 p. m.

Connections—(1) Via M. T. Co's boats, with Michigan Central and Grand Rapids & Indiana railroads, and with the elegant side-wheel steamers of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation company for Detroit, Cleveland and all points in the east, southeast and south. The boats of this line leave St. Ignace Monday and Wednesday mornings, Thursday and Saturday nights. (2) With boat lines for Sault Ste. Marie, Chicago, Milwaukee and all shore points. (3) With M. H. & O. railroad for Houghton, Hancock, Calumet, etc., and points on Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

Standard—Central time. *Daily. *Daily, except Sunday. *Daily, except Saturday.

A. WATSON, Gen'l Superintendent, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. Marquette, Mich.

E. W. ALLEN, Gen'l Superintendent, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. Marquette, Mich.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alums or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

JAS. HUNTLEY,
BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given for all kinds of buildings, finished and completed.

Planing and Re-sawing
done on short notice.

Stairs, Hand Railing, Sash
Doors, Blinds, Mouldings,
Brackets, etc. made and
furnished.

Office and Shop on River street,
near the corner of Tenth street,
JAS. HUNTLEY.
HOLLAND, May 27, 1883.



"Oh, my! have you seen the new 'Mother' fastening? No buttons! no hooks! and so convenient. They are for sale by

D. BERTSCH, Holland, Mich.

New Stock of Fall Goods!

FINE CASSIMERE SUITINGS,

BRUSSE BROS.,
MERCHANT TAILORS.

Melton and Kersey Overcoatings in all
Shades and Weights.

Imported Trouserings.

Correct Styles!

Prices Moderate!

All goods first-class and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

We are still selling that
Low-Grade Flour
—FOR—
Stock and Hog Feed
—AT—
\$1.40 for a 140 lb. Sack.
Buy now before the advance.
Our exchange rate is
40 lbs. FLOUR
—AND—
15 lbs. Bran,
—FOR—
1 Bushel of Lancaster Wheat.
Fultz and White 1 lb. less flour.
WALSH, DE ROO & CO.
33-11.
J. D. WETMORE, M. D.
HOMEOPATHIC
Physician and Surgeon.
All Homeopathic Medicine furnished on application. Calls night or day will receive prompt attention.
Office: In Rooms over News Office, HOLLAND, MICH.
GOLD fields are scarce, but those who write to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from \$5 to \$25 per day. Some have earned over \$50 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of snug little fortunes. All is new.
\$1
13 Weeks
The **POLICE GAZETTE** will be mailed securely wrapped, to any address in the United States for three months on receipt of
ONE DOLLAR.
Liberal discount allowed to postmasters, agents and clubs. Sample copies mailed free.
Address all orders to
RICHARD K. FOX,
Franklin Square, N. Y.

FALL AND WINTER.
D. BERTSCH
Has still a large number of
very fine
-CLOAKS-
and invites all the ladies of
olland to call and
examine them.

A LARGE INVOICE OF
Dress Goods
Has just been received.

ARTHUR, LAUNCELOT, AND GUINEVERE.

"And Arthur passing thence to battle, felt
Travels and throes and agonies of life.
Desiring to be joined to Guinevere and thinking
as he rode:
'Shall I not lift her from this land of beasts
Up to the throne and side by side with me?
What happiness to reign a lonely King,
Vexed with waste dreams? for, saving I be
joined
To her that is the fairest under heaven,
I seem as nothing in the mighty world."

"Sir Launcelot went Ambassador at first
To fetch her, and she watched him from her
walls:
A rumor runs she took him for the King,
So fixed her face on him.
The sun of May descended on their King,
They gazed on all earth's beauty in their Queen,
Belled incense and there passed along the
hymns
A voice as of the waters while the two
Swore at the shrine of Christ a deathless love,
And Arthur said, 'Behold thy doom is mine.'
To whom the Queen replied, with drooping eyes,
'Let chance what will, I love thee to the death."

"Queen Guinevere had fled the court and sat
There in the holy house at Almesbury
Weeping, none with her save a little maid.
A murmuring whisper through the nunnery
ran.
Then on a sudden cry, 'The King!' she sat
Stiff stricken, listening, but when armed feet
Bang coming, prone from off her seat she fell
And groveled with her face against the floor.
She made her face a darkness from the King,
And in the darkness heard his armed feet
Pause by her; then came silence, then a voice;
Denouncing judgment, but though changed, the
King's.
'Fear not, thou shalt be guarded till my death,
Thou hast not made my life so sweet to me
That I, the King, should greatly care to live,
For thou hast spoiled the purpose of my life,
And all is passed, the sin is sinned, and I
Lo, I forgive thee as eternal God
Forgives: do thou for thine own soul the rest!"

LOVED IN VAIN.

BY E. H. L.

"How do you like her, Jud?"
Young Doctor Gilbraith looked up at
his cousin a second before answering.
"If she were worth a hundred thousand I
would marry her to-morrow. She is a girl
who, ten years from now, will do honor to
even a Gilbraith."
Alice was silent, and outside the open
door, in the hall, Carmie had come all un-
heard in her slippered feet, but not un-
hearing, and stood silent also. She was
not vain, so felt a strange delight in this
man's words, cruel and heartless as they
were; but she was proud and sensitive and
her eyes flashed, and something of the
superb power that Judson Gilbraith pro-
phesied for ten years hence thrilled her as
she stood there; then, nothing but a girl,
she shivered as she thought how easily
she could have been won by this hand-
some, careless man had she been wealthy
—won, but not loved; and she crept quietly
away, wondering if she could ever be
anything to be proud of—anything but a
poor, paid governess.

"Thirty-to-day! Once I should have
considered myself old at this age, with the
best of my life passed, and little before me
to enjoy; but now I am very happy, thank-
ful, and content."

Carmie Brownell was looking across the
blue sea waters, her hands resting upon the
railing of the balcony, her calm, sweet
face grave and thoughtful.

The climbing ivy and the rose threw flut-
tering leaf shadows and sunshine upon her
tall, lithe form; and people on the beach
below turned to look at the unconscious
figure a second time.

"Who is she, Leicester?"

"Miss Brownell."

"Is that all there is to say of her?"

"No; I might talk a day or two of her,
and you would be as little acquainted."

"You are unusually reticent. She must
have incurred your lordship's displeasure,
and you punish by ignoring her."

"We are good friends; but I knew that
your questions were prompted by idle curi-
osity, and thought I would wait until you
met her. She has won a fair fame and
considerable wealth, I believe, by untiring
patience and labor. She has triumphed
over every obstacle, met trouble and disap-
pointment that would have crushed a
woman less brave, and now, from it all she
brings, instead of a cynical, selfish nature,
one so thoroughly pure that men are made
better for her living."

"She is wealthy, famous, but still un-
married?"

"Yes; even an old maid, if you like.
But no one ever thinks of that."

Philip Leicester frowned, and there was
a ring of displeasure in his sweet, strong
voice. It angered him to hear this cool
questioning, even from a friend.

Doctor Galbraith, at his side, handsome,
fascinating, worldly-wise, and a trifle
worldly-wild, turned again to look at the
white-robed figure.

She sauntered back an hour later, just
as Miss Brownell tightened the reins over
her high-stepping blacks.

Those are magnificent animals, by Jove!"
exclaimed Galbraith.

"Yes; she handles them perfectly, too."
And Philip's dark eyes flashed, and a
wonderful light swept over his face, with
the smile and bow he gave Carmie Brownell;
while she gave a glance at both, but a smile
to only one, as she dashed by.

And the second time that day the fastid-
ious Judson Galbraith turned to look at a
woman.

He had quite forgotten her, however,
until he saw her that evening in a little
crowd in the large drawing-room.

Philip Leicester was one of the crowd,
and Galbraith made his way toward them
to be introduced.

She rose, smiling, gracious, thoroughly
a lady, with no pretence to girlishness.
There were valley lilies at her belt, valley
lilies in the soft lace at her throat, and
valley lilies in the loose, low-collared hair.

Her eyes were clear, brave, tender; her
face one that changed with every thought,
but was ever pure and true.

The summer passed, as all summers have
a way of doing, and one night, when the
season was almost ended, Carmie Brownell
stood upon the terrace in the moonlight,
listening to the sea and moan of the
waters.

Judson Galbraith found her there, look-
ing like some still, restful picture; but she
turned with her old smile as he asked,
"Did you come to escape the crowd?"

"No; for had the crowd been here I
should have stayed; I love the sea so much.
I never dance, you know, and shall not be
missed."

"I missed you, and searched until I
found you—dreaming."

"Perhaps I am given to dreaming; but
to-night I was thinking of my past life."
"Your past, like your present, is good to
remember."

He spoke with a shade of bitterness; for

what did hers make his own careless,
worldly one appear?

"I was only thinking of the starting point.
Shall we return?"

"Not unless you wish it; for I have
wanted to see you alone, but have not been
able to do so. You must know what it is I
have to tell, for no man can be with you
without learning to love and respect you.
My life is not worthy to offer; but you can
make me what you will. Oh, Carmie, I
love you. I love you! Will you say that
you care for me and will be my wife?"

His face was pale with the great passion
which thrilled his soul, his eyes were burn-
ing and bright as they searched her face
for one tender look, and his hands closed
upon hers with a fierce, mastering
grasp; but she was looking away from his
face, beyond the line of harbor lights
and the very sea itself, as she answered,
slowly, "Is it myself or my hundred thou-
sand that you would marry?"

All the scorn and subdued feelings of
those twelve years rang out in the clear,
proud voice.

"Yourself! What do I care for your
wealth? Come to me penniless; but for
your love, I will work for both; only tell
me I can, dearest."

"Wait until I repeat your words of twelve
years ago. Let me show you how well I
remember. You said of Carmie Brownell,
a poor and friendless girl, 'Were she worth
a hundred thousand I would marry her to-
morrow.' I am worth it now, and you come
saying that you love me. Had you said so
then, the girl Carmie would have believed
with a faith the woman has not. I am glad
you didn't say this then, even if you cared
for me; you did me a greater service, for,
after hearing your opinion of me I crept
away, and after the first outbreak I de-
termined to make my life worth living,
even if it might never be 'worthy a Gal-
braith'; and the words that wounded so
cruelly at first proved the incentive and
watchword to something better than I then
dared dream. Years ago I should have
considered your offer to me to-night the
best of all, and would have thought myself
avenged; but now I am only sorry that any
one should suffer through caring for me."

The sweet, earnest voice was silent; the
waves moaned and sobbed on the sands
below like some doomed, hopeless soul,
and the music floated out to them wild and
sweet—dying in a crash and wail of
anguish.

"Is there no hope, if you have forgiven
my foolish, mercenary words? Oh, Carmie,
let me live for you, and prove my love by
that!"

She turned with a face as white as his in
the moonlight, and a look of pain in her
grave eyes; then, very softly, with a world
of saddened tenderness in her voice, "I am
engaged to marry Philip Leicester; we have
cared for each other a long time."

And then Leicester's tall form came upon
the terrace. He took Carmie's hand upon
his arm, and drew her soft shawl around
her with a proud air of possession; while
Carmie, ever thoughtful for this strong
man's passion and the sorrow that had
settled like darkness upon him, led Philip
down the steps and away under the great
calm stars and the moonlight to walk in the
glory of perfect love together.

Hero Worship.

There would not be any hero worship
in the world if it were not for women.
Of course there would not be any re-
ligion. Men are utterly irreligious,
and, being accustomed to take care of
themselves in this world, they seem to
be pretty confident of their ability to
do the same in the next. They don't
object to take care of women in this
world, but they display an utter in-
difference as to their future beyond the
grave, and women, consequently, have
a dim idea that some religion is advis-
able, if not indispensable. It is, how-
ever, the women that make heroes out
of men and heroines out of women. All
the time men, for instance, hurrahed
for Grant; but they disputed his
laurels, criticised his strategy, fought
about his tactics, and tempered every-
thing with a reservation. But the women—they simply worshiped him
and never disputed anything. It does
not take much in a woman's eyes to
make a man a hero. A rather vague
conception of what is heroic is some-
times noticeable, but—bless them—they
are so queer and so enthusiastic that it
doesn't matter a button what a man
has done to make himself talked about.

"He's committed a murder!"

"Poor man!"

"He's run away with another man's
wife."

"How cunning!"

"He's robbed a bank."

"Do let me see him!"

That's the way they talk.

Men can only make a heroine out of
a ballet girl who has no talent. If an
actress is bright, clever, and agreeable,
the women spoil her. It isn't the men.
An actress who is an artist does not care
half as much for the adulation of men
as for the worship of women. The idol
of the dudes, the idol of men without
brains, is never more than a curiosity to
women. They do not even envy her,
even if she be of world-wide notoriety.
The woman on the stage who has style,
and self-respect, and brains gets more
ardent admiration from her sisters than
men are capable of, and it pleases her,
keeps up her self-respect, and develops
her brains. And where women admire,
you will always find the men whose
characters and tastes stand highest.
But women's taste in men is different.
They don't understand the sex, and are
apt to be misled into admiring unde-
serving men. But still they can make
them heroes, even if other men deny
everything about them. Patti always
liked to capture the female part of her
audiences. She never spoke about the
flowers and jewels even Kings and
Princes sent to her; but she never
missed once the corsage bouquet torn
from the bosom of one of her own sex
in the auditorium and thrown impuls-
ively at her feet.—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

Who in the same given time can pro-
duce more than many others, has vigor;
who can produce more and better, has
talents; who can produce what none
else can, has genius.

THIRTY-SIX million Japs wear wooden
shoes.

ONE LIFE TAKEN.

Pinkerton's Men Shoot from a Train and Terence Begley Falls a Victim.

Arrest of the Guards—8 x Men Held to Await the Coroner's Action.

The Jeering and Stone-Throwing of a Mob—Comment and Opinion.

[Chicago special.]

When it was announced that the strike
was over the big packers went out to pur-
chase hogs. Armour & Co. bought 2,000,
and the market went up twenty-five cents
per 100 pounds. The fact that the old men
were to be taken back sent consternation
to the hearts of the imported men, and
they concluded that they had better tender
their resignations. Mr. Cudahy, of Ar-
mour's house, asked the men to remain,
and head clerk Somers told them that if
they remembered their numbers they could
at any time secure employment at Armour's.
No inducement could be given the men to
stay. They flatly refused, and finally a
train was sent for to take them to the city.

One hundred and sixty Pinkerton men,
under the command of Capt. Frank Joy,
were detailed to escort the men. They oc-
cupied the three rear coaches of the train.
At the Stock Yards Y. at Thirty-ninth
street, the train was blocked for a moment
by a freight train. Another detachment of
guards was taken on board at this point,
and the train again started for the city.
A crowd of about two hundred men and boys,
who had been detained by passing trains,
were gathered at the south side of the
crossing. They broke out into a chorus
of jeers and cat-calls, but it is claimed
by witnesses that no demonstra-
tion of actual violence was made. On the
other hand, it is charged that they bomb-
arded the train with rocks, and that some-
body in the crowd fired a pistol. However
this may be, the train had scarcely passed
Halsted street crossing when a man on the
rear platform fired a revolver into the
crowd. The Pinkerton men in the rear
followed with a regular volley of shots out
of the windows of the train, aimed at the
crowd, and Terence Begley, a well-known
citizen of Lake, was mortally wounded.
The Pinkerton men, as eye-witnesses say,
fired in every direction, and did not cease
the fusillade until Wallace street, three
blocks distant from Halsted street, was
reached.

Shots were fired into Schimmerman's
packing-house, and George Barnum, the
superintendent of the firm, had a narrow
escape. He was standing at a window on
the second floor and the bullet almost
grazed his head, imbedding itself in the
wall. Several shots were fired into Flann-
igan & Huff's packing-house, where several
men were standing at open windows. J.
Shaunnessy, a flagman, and L. Carroll, a
brakeman, were standing at the door of the
switch shanty, about one hundred feet
from Halsted street. They say that bullets
whizzed in all directions, one passing
through the sash and two through the
boards on the opposite side of the shanty.
These two bullet holes are almost directly
in line with the place where Begley stood
when he was shot. Estimates of the num-
ber of shots fired by the guards vary from
twelve to one hundred, twenty being the
average number.

Terence Begley, the fatally injured man,
was leading his horse slowly westward on
Halsted street when the shot was fired. He
dropped the bridle and exclaimed: "I am
shot." A brakeman named Russell helped
the wounded man to a saloon near by,
where a hasty examination was made. The
wound was not discovered, and Begley was
told that he was only frightened. In a
dazed manner he started toward Flannigan's
packing house. He had taken but a few
steps when he suddenly fell to the ground.
A wagon was procured and he was taken to
his home, 4211 Emerald avenue, where a
thorough examination showed that the bul-
let had passed through the abdomen, en-
tering at the right side and coming out on
the left side, glancing upward. Late in the
night the unfortunate man died. Previous-
ly his ante-mortem statement was taken. It
is as follows:

"My name is Terence Begley. I am 41
years old. I think I cannot live, and make
this as my dying statement as to how I re-
ceived the shot this 19th day of October,
1886. At about 12 o'clock I was going
with a cripple cart containing one
hog to Shoemaker's slaughter-
house, near Fortieth and Halsted
streets, in the Town of Lake, county of
Cook, and State of Illinois. I had passed
the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern
crossing, and was going north and was near
Mr. M. Schmidt's saloon on Halsted street,
and was leading my horse by the head.
Immediately after passing the crossing a
passenger train of the Lake Shore
and Michigan Southern Railroad came
from the Stock Yards east filled with Pink-
erton policemen. As they passed this
crossing, where a large crowd had congreg-
ated, cries of 'Scabs' were heard from the
crowd. As the rear end of the train passed
the east side of Halsted street four or
five or six shots were fired. I saw quite
a number of Pinkerton men standing on the
rear platform of the train. I saw no one
shoot, but heard the shots and felt that I
was shot, and left my horse and ran to
Shoemaker's slaughter-house and sat down
and told Pat Martin, a police officer of the
Town of Lake, that I was shot. I at no
time made any outcry or allusion to the
Pinkerton men, and had nothing whatever
to do with the crowd at the crossing, but
attended strictly to my own business."

Begley was too weak to sign his name,
but touched the pen, and his mark was
made. The witnesses were J. P. Mulcahey,
Sergeant of Police; Frank Becker, and
William Ryan.

Immediately after the shooting the great-
est excitement prevailed, and had Capt.
Markey, of the Town of Lake Police,
stopped the train, as was suggested, gen-
eral riot and bloodshed would have been
inevitable. The Captain let the train pass,
and telephoned to the Twenty-second
Street Police Station. From this place and
from the Armory squads of officers were
immediately dispatched to the scene.

Excited groups of people assembled on
every corner and expressed by word and
action the deepest indignation. There
were no violent demonstrations, but the
word went around that if the Pinkerton

men who did the shooting were brought
back and lodged in the town jail there
would be trouble before morning.

The train was met at Harrison street by
the city police, and 123 Pinkerton men and
about sixty men and boys who had left em-
ployment in the stock yards were marched
to the Armory. The workmen, being un-
armed, were at once discharged. The
Pinkerton men then arranged themselves
in lines, and three small boys from Lake,
John Boland, Timothy Neiland, and B.
Hickey, who claimed to have seen the
shooting, were told to identify the men who
had fired.

The lads, after some hesitation, picked
out of the crowd Joseph Hill and Walter
Andrews, both young men. After the
identification of the two the Pinkerton men
were marched into the police court-room,
where each man's rifle or pistol was exam-
ined. Only one weapon that showed evi-
dence of having recently been discharged
was found. An empty shell was found in
the Winchester carried by Emmons Shaw.

After the examination William A. Pink-
erton stepped forward, calling out:

"All who fired shots from the cars stand
up like men. There's nothing to be fright-
ened about."

One young man rose and went to Mr.
Pinkerton. His name was Robert J.
Batram.

"There must be more," said Mr. Pink-
erton, "for about twelve shots were fired."

Two beardless young fellows who were
sitting together, Richard D. Labes and Guy
Stivers, then went forward. The six men
were locked up, and will be held pending
the result of Mr. Begley's injuries. Hill
and Andrews, whom the boys claimed to
have identified, did not admit having done
any shooting. The other Pinkerton men
were released.

Some of the prisoners say a great many
stones were thrown into the cars, hitting
several men. This so enraged them that
they used their rifles.

"At Fortieth street there were from sev-
enty-five to one hundred people who as-
sailed my men," said Mr. William A.
Pinkerton. "Rocks and other missiles
were hurled against the car, so that its
side shows better than words can demon-
strate the attack of the crowd. One man,
sitting near a window, was badly hurt by
the sash which fell out from a blow by a
rock. The men I employ are good, decent
men, they are no hoodlums, and in this in-
stance they were just as much authorized
police officers as any in the city of Chicago.
A pistol shot was first fired from out of
the crowd before my men returned the fire. I
can prove that by 150 men. The men who
were identified by the boys at the Armory
did no shooting, but I ordered them to sub-
mit to arrest."

Captain Foley said that he understood
the men had been attacked, and a volley
of bullets and stones had been fired at the
cars. "A man is a fool to throw stones at
a man with a rifle in his hands," said the
Captain. "If a man should throw a stone
at me I would shoot him. A man is as
liable to be killed by a stone as if it was
a bullet."

Mr. Michael Cudahy was interviewed
shortly after the shooting, and said: "It
was a very unfortunate affair. I had hoped
and believed this morning that we should
get through without bloodshed. The
guards, according to general testimony,
were reckless, and should be held strictly
responsible. We are starting up slowly.
There is little stock on hand, and we are
waiting for more. I do not know that any
men will be discriminated against. In fact,
I don't know who the leaders of the strike
are. I have no idea how many men are
working to-day."

The Local Press.

Chicago Daily News: Yesterday's oc-
currences should be the death-knell of the
employment of armed men by any but the
lawfully constituted authorities. Until
these have demonstrated their inadequacy
to protect property and preserve the peace,
no private citizen, nor any number of such,
may usurp their functions. That way lies
civil warfare and the reign of the mob.

Inter Ocean: The action of the Pink-
erton police, shooting into a crowd of people,
appears to have been wholly unjustifiable.
Unless circumstances more palliating than
any yet brought out can be shown, the men
who participated in the dastardly deed
ought to receive the full punishment al-
lotted to such crimes by the law. It is very
unfortunate that just when the labor trou-
bles were being amicably adjusted, a few
bad men, intrusted with guns and tempo-
rary authority, should, by an act both foolish
and criminal, stir up anew the spirit of re-
sentment. In such times only cool-headed
men should be intrusted either with author-
ity or fire-arms, as action such as that yester-
day not only incites the people against
the guardians of the peace, but tends to
bring them into contempt. Mr. Pinkerton's
future usefulness will be lessened by yester-
day's occurrence.

Chicago Tribune: The shooting of Be-
gley at the Halsted street crossing by one of
the Pinkerton police was unfortunate in
every point of view. The victim was not
concerned in the strike nor in the conflict
growing out of it. From all accounts, he
was a hardworking, prudent citizen, who
attended closely to his own business. There
does not seem, from the evidence thus
far presented, to have been any ade-
quate provocation for the shooting. The
assaults of the Pinkerton men were
mostly mischievous boys, and it is not shown
that they used any firearms. The rough
treatment which some of their comrades
had received during the previous days was
no excuse for the Pinkerton men to shoot
indiscriminately into the crowd. It is al-
most impossible to tell who fired the shot.
Twelve bullets were fired, and it is out of
the question to prove whose shot was fatal.
The shooting was an unhappy incident of
the close of what was, on the whole, a
peaceable and orderly strike.

A Drunken Elephant.

New York Special: The elephant Alva,
which does duty in the show "Around the
World in Eighty Days," was taken into
McGraw's saloon, in Brooklyn, after a
performance and given a drink of whisky,
which intoxicated the animal. While
Charles Hazleton, the keeper of the brute,
was leading it home, the elephant grasped
him about the waist with its trunk and
slammed him to the pavement with great
force. He was badly injured, and lies in a
critical condition.

"I AM feeling very ill," said a patient to
his physician. "Let me see your tongue,"
said the doctor. "It's no use," responded
the patient; "no tongue can begin to tell
how I feel."

WHEN a cricket young man and a law-
tennis young lady marry it is likely to
be hard upon the furniture.—*New York Journal.*

CALLED AWAY.

Mrs. A. T. Stewart Stricken Down by Pneumonia at Her Home in New York.

[New York special.]

Cornelia M. Stewart, widow of the fam-
ous merchant, Alexander T. Stewart, who
since the death of her husband has been
living in the magnificent marble palace at
Thirty-fourth street and Fifth avenue, died
somewhat suddenly this morning. Her
health has been in a somewhat delicate
condition for some time, but she has been
able to take carriage exercise and her im-
mediate death was not looked for, although
her advanced age made it improbable that
she would long survive. For many years
she had led a quiet life, al-
though she occasionally entertained
her friends and continued to pay visits to
the most intimate ones. Her name seldom
came before the public, but her gifts to
public charities have from time to time
attracted some attention. Mrs. Stewart
died of congestion of the lungs and heart
trouble. Her death was so unexpected
that her physician, who was in her apart-
ments at the time, turned to converse with
some relatives of the deceased, and return-
ing to the bedside found Mrs. Stewart
dead.

Mrs. Stewart was nearly 85 years of age.
She was born in this city, and was a daugh-
ter of Jacob Clinch, a well-known ship-
chandler of his time. She was married to
Mr. Stewart in 1823. She never had any
children, and her nearest relatives are half-
sisters and nieces. It is not known just
what disposition Mrs. Stewart has made of
the wealth left by her husband. When
Mr. Stewart died his property was va-
riously estimated from thirty to fifty
million dollars. Only one man in
the world knew positively Mr. Stewart's
wealth, and he was John M. Hopkins, his
confidential book-keeper. The capital in-
vested in the dry goods business at one
time was \$10,000,000. His real property was
very large. He owned the store at Cham-
bers street and Broadway, and the large
emporium at Tenth street and Broadway,
numerous warehouses in Chambers and
Reade streets, the Metropolitan Hotel and
Niblo's Theater, a great many houses and
lots in Bleeker and Amity streets west of
Broadway, the Globe Theater, his marble
mansion at Thirty-fourth street and Fifth
avenue, the Woman's Hotel in Fourth
avenue, the Grand Union Hotel at Sara-
toga, the vast Hempstead Plains estate, and
many woolen mills. The marble palace
contains a magnificent collection of pic-
tures, and it is reported they have been left
to the city as the nucleus of an art in-
stitution. The collection is the finest of
modern painters in America, and is worth
over \$1,000,000. Meisner's alone cost
\$60,000 and Bonheur's \$35,000. The stat-
uary in the house has among the collection
some fine masterpieces.

The death of Mrs. Stewart brings to mind
the robbery of her husband's body several
years ago, and the many stories told about
the tracing of the thieves and finding of
the body. Mrs. Stewart died believing
that the body was interred at Garden City,
but the general impression is that it was
never recovered, and is still resting some-
where in New Jersey. It is believed by
some that the inside history of the affair
will now be told.

Irish Landlords and Tenants.

[By cable.]

An interesting proposal to heal the schism
has been made by Lord Monck, the Irish
Land Commissioner. He proposes a Par-
liament which shall sit in Dublin with
strictly delegated functions from the Im-
perial Parliament, the latter retaining di-
rect control and supervision. His Lord-
ship asserts that this is what Lord Harting-
ton has asked for, and regards it as a statu-
tory Parliament, according to lines laid
down by Mr. Parnell. It is remarked
that Mr. Gladstone has seized upon this
project, and speaks encouragingly of Lord
Monck's labors to heal the breach in the
party.

The Government are acting with great
discretion. By alternate warnings and
persuasions they are bringing landlords to
greater moderation. General Sir Redvers
Buller will not give the police aid in
evictions unless there is the clearest pos-
sible proof that the tenant has the means
of payment. This checks the inconsiderate,
while the better landlords seem to be
altogether neglecting to use the power of
eviction.

Anyhow, we hear practically nothing of
ejectments. Lord Clanricarde's case is an
exception, which should give great force to
the moderate leanings of landlords gener-
ally. A bachelor, a man of great
wealth, whose face is not known to
his tenantry, and who has regularly
drawn over \$150,000 yearly from Galway
without spending a penny upon his es-
tates, he has small claim upon public sym-
pathy, and there is a very significant sug-
gestion that he shall hereafter be allowed
to take his rents with a minimum assist-
ance from the law. But for Lord Clanri-
carde the League would find small scope
for the operations of its new campaign.
So far this is the only notable case upon
which they have fixed, and if it were not so
heartless there would be little prospect of
Mr. Dillon's proposal at Woodford and
United Ireland's development thereof be-
ing accepted. It is well pointed out that
tenants who, being refused a reduction,
should pay their money to trustees in order
to fight their landlords would run a great
risk, not only of losing the money they have
in hand but of being called upon to re-
place it; and the Irish occupier cannot
afford to pay rent twice over.

There's Trouble in the Church.

A Washington telegram says: Dr.
Sunderland, whose church Mr. Cleveland
attends, is in trouble over one of his dea-
cons, an old man with a very large family,
who was recently rotated out of the super-
vising architect's office. The old gentleman
and his friends wanted the Doctor to inter-
cede with the President in behalf of the
ancient official with a view to getting him
reinstated. Dr. Sunderland positively re-
fused to approach the President upon any
subject of a political nature, and now cer-
tain of his members have withdrawn in
consequence of his refusal. They say the
Doctor refuses to render a kindness to his
worthy deacon through fear of possibly
losing Mr. Cleveland as an attendant at his
church.

Church Items with the Services for To-morrow.

First Reformed Church—Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday School 8:30. Weekly prayer meeting with the Third Reformed Church, on Thursday at 7:30.

Hope Reformed Church—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Young People's meeting at 6:30. Rev. Thomas Walker Jones, Pastor. Subjects: Morning, "Almost persuaded." Evening, "Mocking at sin." Congregational singing. Opening anthems by the choir. Weekly praise and prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. All are welcome.

Third Reformed Church—Rev. D. Brock, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sunday School at 8:45 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Subjects: Morning, "The quest of God." Afternoon, "Despising the berthing." First Church, Rev. E. Bos, Pastor.—Services at 9:30 a. m., and 2:30 p. m. Sunday School at 3:45.

Holland Christian Ref. Church.—Rev. E. Van Der Vries, Pastor. Services at 9:30 a. m. 2:00 and 7 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. H. D. Jordan, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Class-meeting at close of morning service, and at 7 p. m. Teachers meeting Friday at 7:30 p. m. Prayer-meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. All the seats are free. Subjects: Morning, "Entire consecration." Evening, "The Prodigal Son."

Grace Episcopal Church—Rev. George S. Ayres, Rector. Divine Service every alternate Sunday, 1st, 3rd and 5th. Morning Service at 10:30; Evening Service at 7:30; Sunday School at 12 m. Holy Communion at 10:30 a. m., and Children's Service at 3:15 p. m. on the first Sunday of each month. All are invited to attend. Strangers especially welcome. "O Worship the Lord in the Beauty of Holiness," Ps. 96-9. Divine Services at the Opera House. Subjects: Morning, "Conquest of self." Evening, "Talents."

The intimate relation between stomach and brain is shown in the headache resulting from indigestion. Dr Bull's Baltimore Pills will cure it.

The remedy for the baby is Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. It is free from laudanum. Price only 25 cents.

Day's Horse Powder is a necessity for hogs; it cures swelled necks and ulcers in the lungs.

"Like balmy breezes," Drexel's Bell Cologne.

The Red Book as usual makes its appearance just when wanted, and the State edition this year abounds with statistical information of the character now most in demand. The little publication has become the standard political text-book, and not only is it of unquestioned value as an authority upon election results, but is a model of clean and most artistic typography. As of old it is sent without money and without price, by inclosing stamp to C. K. Lord, Baltimore, Md.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Yates & Kane, Holland, and A. De Kruit, Zeeland, Mich.

SCAN THESE CLOSELY.

Renews Her Youth.

Mrs. Phoebe Chesley, Peterson, Clay Co., Iowa, tells the following remarkable story, the truth of which is vouched for by the residents of the town: "I am 73 years old, have been troubled with kidney complaint and lameness for many years; could not dress myself without help. Now I am free from all pain and soreness and am able to do all my own housework. I owe my thanks to Electric Bitters for having renewed my youth, and removed completely all diseases and pain." Try a bottle, only 50 cents at Yates & Kane's drug store.

Dr. Flagg's Family Ointment.

Never fails to soothe and heal cuts, burns, bruises, flesh wounds, inflammation, sprains, pimples, chilblains, salt rheum, chapped lips or hands, frost bites, cold sores, sore nipples, and all diseases and eruptions of the skin. YOUNG LADIES—Dr. Flagg's Family Ointment will remove all pimples, blackheads, freckles and other blemishes from your face, leaving the skin soft, smooth, and beautiful. No family will be without it after testing its marvelous soothing and healing properties. Sold by druggists for 25 cents or mailed on receipt of price, by the WILLIAM'S MFG CO., Cleveland, O.

Itch, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by Kremers & Bangs, Druggists, Holland, Mich. 6-ly

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

\$100 a Week.

Ladies or gentlemen desiring profitable employment write at once. We want you to handle an article of domestic use that recommends itself to every one at sight. Staple as flour. Sells like hot cakes. Profits 300 per cent. Families wishing to practice economy should for their own benefit write for particulars. Used every day the year round in every household. Price within reach of all. Circulars free. Agents receive sample free. Address, DOMESTIC MFG CO., Marion, Ohio. 38-6m

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Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

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Have on hand their Fall and Winter Stock of

Dress Goods,

FLANNELS,

Woolen Blankets, Comforters,

LADIES' & GENTS' UNDERWEAR.

Yarns, Hosiery, Fur Caps, Flannel Dress Shirts,

It will positively

PAY YOU

To examine our stock and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 25, 1886.

\$1000 FORFEIT

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A GENTLEMAN'S SMOKE FOR 5 CENTS.

This Cigar will prove as represented and will be entirely satisfactory in every town for live dealers who will appreciate its merits and push it accordingly.

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you can get a

A Good Clean Shave.

A Scientific Haircut or

Invigorating Shampoo.

at any time.

HAIRDRESSING A SPECIALTY.

Ladies hair cleaned and dressed in the latest fashion.

FIRST-CLASS TOILET WATER FOR SALE

W. BAUMGARTEL.

HOLLAND, Mich., March 19, 1885.

Holland Cigar Factory,

H. POSTMA, Proprietor.

I hereby notify the public that I have removed my factory to Seventh Street, between River and Market streets, where I will make the largest and best 5 and 10 cent Cigars ever offered to the public.

Give Me a Trial.

My Prices are as Low as the Lowest.

H. POSTMA, 38-6m Holland, Mich., Sept. 12, 1886.

LOWER THAN EVER BEFORE!

Linseed, Lard and Machine OILS.

We will make prices on Oils that will astonish you.

BUY THE

Sherwin-Williams Paints

To prove the quality of these Paints, we would state that the paint put on buildings four years ago has given

ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

We have not had one complaint of its peeling, cracking or chalking off.

While we are at present

CROWDING THE PAINT TRADE,

Do not forget that we still have as complete a Stock of

DRUGS and MEDICINES

As is kept in the city, and sell them at prices to suit the times.

KREMERS & BANGS, Central Drug Store. Holland, Mich., May 7th, 1886.

ATTENTION

Farmers and Woodsmen.

We will buy all the Stave and Heading Bolts you can make and deliver the year round, viz:

Oak Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
White Ash Stave Bolts, 30 inches long.
Elm Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Stave Bolts, 33 inches long.
Black Ash Heading Bolts 38 inches long
Basswood Heading Bolts, 33 inches long.
Pine Heading Bolts, 20 inches long.

For making contracts or further information apply to Fixter's Stave Factory. ED. VER SCHURE, Supt. or to G. Van Putten & Sons' store.

A. C. Van Raalte

—Proprietor of—

Livery and Sale Stable, MARKET STREET.

Hacks for Weddings, Private Parties and Receptions.

Hearse and Carriages FOR FUNERALS.

The Best Livery in the city.

GIVE ME A CALL!

A. C. VAN RAALTE. Holland, Mich., April 1, 1886. 9 ly.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

W. S. WATKINS

Is now prepared to make Photographs of all kinds in the highest style of the art at his

New Photograph Gallery,

In the Howard Block on River Street, opp. Yates & Kane's Drug Store.

Those desiring pictures would do well to give him a call.

Old pictures copied and enlarged.

W. S. WATKINS. Holland, Mich., Sept. 2nd, 1886. 31-3mos.

HIXSON & SLEAVIN, GENERAL

Commission Merchants, FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

Representing: J. M. Hixson & Co., San Francisco; J. M. Hixson & Co., Chicago; Hixson, Seavey & Co., Kansas City.

103 & 105 Second Street, south, Minneapolis, Minn. 33-1.

We Have Moved

to our New Store two doors west of the Post Office, where we have added to our stock of

Boots, Shoes, ETC. ETC.

an especially large and stylish line of

Ladies' & Gents' Shoes.

Call and See Us and Learn Our Prices.

VAN DUREN BROS.,

The Popular Boot and Shoe Dealers.

Holland, Mich., June 9, 1886. 19-1f.

\$3.00

Buys One Dozen

CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS

—AT—

Jackson's Gallery,

103 Monroe St., Grand Rapids,

EQUAL TO THE BEST MADE IN THE CITY.

SPECIAL RATES TO CLUBS, CLASSES, ETC.

Copying and Enlarging.

Bring in your OLD and VALUABLE PICTURES and have them copied and enlarged. Call and examine my work whether you wish any done or not. Remember the name and number

JACKSON'S GALLERY

103 MONROE ST., GRAND RAPIDS.

Take Notice!

Now there is a chance for

BARGAINS

Because I am going to sell out my entire Stock of Goods, consisting of

Gold & Silver Watches,

CLOCKS,

Silver and Plated Ware,

CHAINS, RINGS, ETC.

The entire business is for sale, with good will included.

H. WYKHUYSEN.

Holland, Mich., Sept. 30, 1885. 35-3m.

J. FLIEMAN

Manufactures and sells the

BEST WAGONS

AND BUGGIES.

I have recently commenced the manufacture of

Platform, Combination & Express Wagons,

To which I invite the attention of all who desire a light and durable wagon.

I have on hand a large assortment of

BUGGIES

Which I will dispose of at the lowest possible figures.

I am making

ALL KINDS OF OARS

They cannot be beat, and I make anything in the hardwood line.

Carriage and Wagon Painting

Call and See Me before Purchasing Elsewhere, J. FLIEMAN, HOLLAND, Mich. March 18, 1886.

WE ALSO HAVE THE CAPITOL OAK WITH STEEL BODY.

With hot air flue; the greatest heater ever made.

THE GOLD COIN VENTILATOR

R. KANTERS & SONS.

Our variety of Heating Stoves and Cook Stoves and Ranges is larger this season than ever before. Come and examine them while our stock is complete. Do not buy any Coal Stove before you have seen